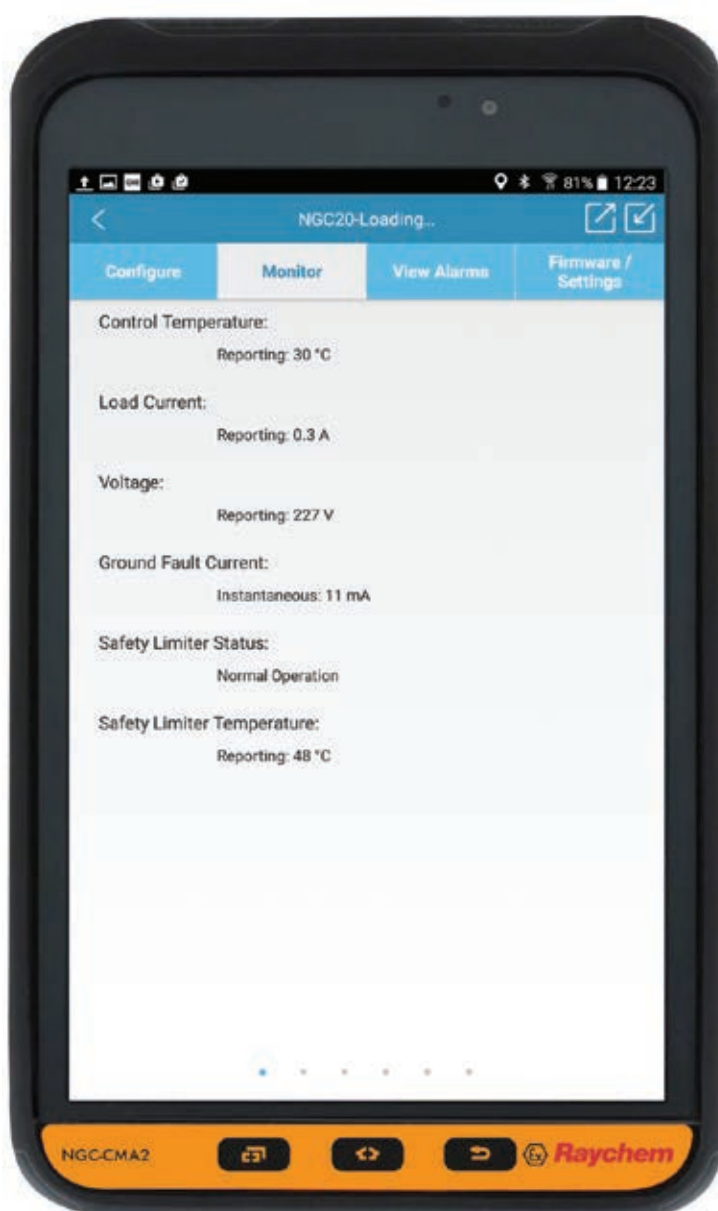




RAYCHEM

NGC-CMA2

INSTALLATION MANUAL



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1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

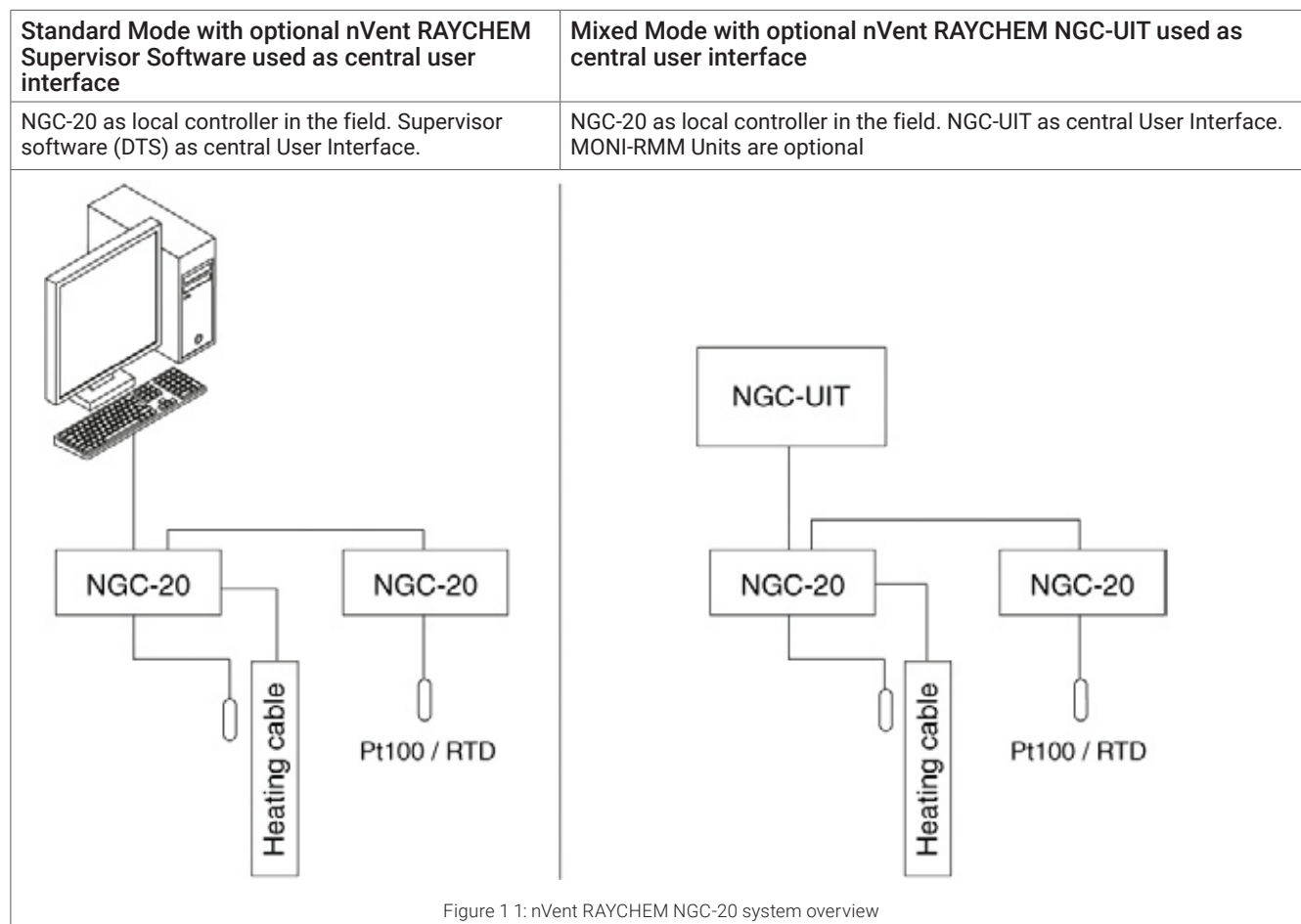
This document describes the use and the capabilities of the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-CMA2 handheld device and software. For more information about the correct use and handling of the device we refer to NGC-CMA2 Getting Started (INSTALL-131) manual.

1.1. nVent RAYCHEM NGC-CMA2 configuration and monitoring software.

The NGC-CMA2 is developed for Windows Mobile 5. The software enables nVent RAYCHEM NGC-20 control units to be configured and monitored via a Wireless Bluetooth interface. The exact use of this software is described in this manual.

Note: For hazardous area (Zone 1, 21 and Zone 2, 22 use the NGC-CMA2-EX only)

The NGC-20 can be configured in either Standard mode or Mixed mode. The Mixed mode meets situations where NGC-20 is communicating with a nVent RAYCHEM NGC-UIT, otherwise the NGC-20 will be configured in Standard mode. In both circumstances a different set of parameters is available for configuration.



Configuration and Monitoring

The NGC-CMA2 can be used to configure the NGC-20. Besides its function as programming interface the NGC-CMA2 can also be used to monitor NGC-20 units while they are in operation. When used in monitoring mode all process variables used by the NGC-20 control units can be visualised on the screen of the NGC-CMA2.

Communications

NGC-CMA2 devices support various types of communications interfaces. Refer to product datasheet for complete details about all communication options.

1.2. NGC-CMA2 Programming Guide

Vital Information

This manual is a guide for the setup and operation of the NGC-CMA2 handheld programming devices.

Important: All information, including illustrations, is believed to be reliable. Users, however, should independently evaluate the suitability of each product for their particular application.

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You agree that the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall survive any termination of this Agreement and your rights to use the Software.

Should you have any questions concerning this Agreement, or if you want to contact nVent for any reason, please write to:

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1.4. User Responsibilities

The performance, reliability and safety of your heat-tracing system depend on proper design, selection, and installation. The NGC-CMA2 will help you to configure and monitor a system that meets your requirements, but it is only a tool. It assumes that your input is accurate, that you are familiar with heat-tracing system design and configuration, and that you will ensure that all components of the heat-tracing system are installed, maintained and used as intended. The configuration of the NGC-20 handheld should be reviewed by a knowledgeable engineer to ensure it is appropriate for your application. Additional information relating to safety, design, and installation is contained in Design Guides, Installation Manuals, Data Sheets, and other literature available from nVent. Be sure to consult these documents as needed.

1.5. Safety Warnings

There are important safety warnings which are shipped with nVent products and that are also printed in nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 Installation Manual (INSTALL-112) and NGC-20 installation manual (INSTALL-130). Be sure to read, understand and follow these safety warnings to reduce the risk of fire, shock, or personal injury. If you have any questions, contact your local representative or contact nVent directly.

Warning, Error, and Alarm Messages

Under certain conditions, the NGC-CMA2 will alert the user with a warning an alarm or an error message. These are typically either because the program cannot find an acceptable answer based on user input, or because the user may need to take some additional action to ensure the design requirements are completely met. These warnings and error messages are detailed in chapter 9 of this manual.

For questions, please contact nVent ' Technical Support.

Technical Support

For technical support, contact your local representative, or contact nVent directly:

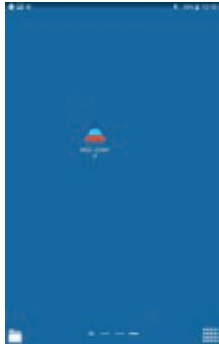
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2. HOW TO RUN THE NGC-CMA2 PROGRAM



3. INITIAL SETUP OF THE UNIT

After the program is started the start up screen will be visualised. The start up screen allows users to configure the unit to their personal needs and process requirements via the settings icon.

4. USING THE NGC-CMA2 IN STANDARD MODE

When operated in the Standard Mode the maximum set of parameters are available for configuration and monitoring. The following chapters will describe in detail how the NGC-20 can be configured and be monitored via the NGC-CMA2.

4.1. Initial Setup of the unit in Standard Mode

After the program is started the start up screen will be visualised. The start up screen allows users to configure the unit to their personal needs and process requirements.

Configuration Utility Main screen



Figure 4 1: Startup screen

After startup of the program, the software will start scanning for NGC-20 controllers.

the Settings icon will allow the user to change the language and the engineering units for temperatures.

By selecting the NGC-20 in the list the user can configure the NGC-20 controller.

To rescan for NGC-20 controllers click on the magnifying glass at the bottom of the screen.

5. CHANGING THE LANGUAGE OF THE USER INTERFACE SCREENS.

Configuration Utility Main screen



Figure 5 1: Setup Screen

About: shows the software version of the Configuration Utility Software.

Languages: Allows selecting a convenient language of the user interface software.

Temperature Units: Sets the temperature units of the NGC-CMA2. Supported are: Degrees Celsius and degrees Fahrenheit. The default value is degrees Celsius.

Back: Brings you back to the previous screen (Figure 4.1)

Tap on **Languages** to continue



Figure 5 1: Setup Screen

Supported languages are:

English (default)

French (Français)

German (Deutsch)

6. TEMPERATURE UNITS



Figure 6 1: Temperature Units Screen

From the Settings Screen tap on **Temperature Units** to change the way in which temperatures will be displayed on the NGC-CMA2 screens. The factory default setting is °C.

Tapping on the desired field will select the units of measure **Celsius or Fahrenheit** and will return you to the *Settings Screen* while the new units of measure will be selected.

Tap on **back arrow** to return to the Startup Screen.

7. ESTABLISHING A BLUETOOTH CONNECTION BETWEEN THE NGC-CMA2 AND NGC-20 CONTROL UNITS

Configuration Utility Main Screen



Figure 7 1: Main Screen

Select the NGC-20 to be configured. A new scan for NGC-20 controllers can be initiated by clicking on the magnifying glass.

Bluetooth Discovery Process



Figure 7 2: Bluetooth Discovery screen – Searching for devices

In background the device will scan for all NGC-20 controllers which are within range of the Bluetooth communications. Ensure that all NGC-20 units are powered up.

Bluetooth Discovery Process (building the device inventory list)



Figure 7 3: Bluetooth Discovery screen – one device found

When searching is complete all devices in range will be listed on the screen.

Example: For this example, the only device that is found is NGC-20-1. If more than one

NGC-20 control unit is in range all units will be listed on the screen as is shown on Figure 7-3.

Bluetooth Discovery Process (selecting device)



Figure 7 4: Bluetooth Discovery screen – finding 2 devices

Select the device you want to connect to by tapping on the device name. A pop-up message will appear to confirm that you want to configure the NGC-20 controller. Press "yes" to continue.

If devices are not showing up repeat the device discovery process by simply tapping on **the magnifying glass**.

8. CONFIGURING NGC-20 CONTROL UNITS

In order to configure the connected NGC-20 control unit tap on **continue**

NGC-20 Main Configuration Screen



Figure 8 1: Main screen

The main screen supports different options as is shown on Figure 8 1.

Tap Configure: to configure the selected unit.

Tap Monitor to look at all process variables as currently active on this unit. All measured sensor temperatures, control temperature, load current, supply voltage, ground fault current and the status of the Safety Limiter.

Tap View Alarms in order to get an overview of all active alarms and to reset alarms.

Tap Firmware / Settings in order to install a new version of firmware in the selected controller.

Tap Back to go back to the Bluetooth discovery screen as shown on Figure 7-3.

8.1. Changing the NGC-20 controller settings

By default the NGC-20 Configuration screen will be shown. The NGC-20 configuration screen supports different options:

NGC-20 Configuration Screen

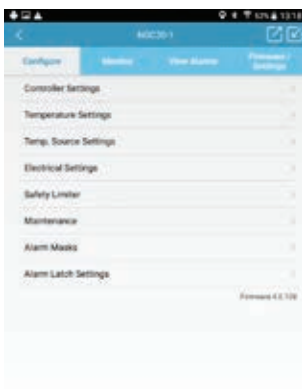


Figure 8 2: NGC-20 Configuration screen

Tap Controller Settings to alter; set points, control mode, dead band, the device tag and load shedding.

Tap Temperature Settings to alter High and Low Temperature alarm values, the temperature alarm filter, fail safe mode and to enable and preset the high limit Cut-Out

Tap Temp. Source Settings to define the temperature sources used by this NGC-20 unit.

Tap Electrical Settings in order to set the high and low load current and voltage alarm values. The second screen offers the possibility to load the relay cycles time counter and to adjust the ground fault alarm warning and trip level.

Tap Temperature Limiter; use this entry in order to control the Safety temperature limiter set point, trip and reset the Safety temperature limiter after it has tripped.

Tap Maintenance to get information about the minimum and maximum values ever seen by the unit. Of the following variables the minimum and maximum are stored; Control temperature, AC Voltage, Ground fault current, Load current, Relay cycle count, Heater hours in use Time and the Safety Limiter temperatures.

Tap Alarm Masks to specify for which variables an alarm will be generated

Tap Back brings you to the Configuration screen

8.2. Changing the Temperature set point of a NGC-20 control unit

Tap on Controller Settings. This will open a next screen showing the actual Controller settings. In order to change any of the values, tap on the field holding the actual variable.

Controller Settings




Figure 8 3: Controller Settings – Settings 1 screen

Tap on the field holding the actual value (32°C). A numeric key pad as shown in Figure 8 4 will pop up.

Numeric Input Screen (Temperature Set Point)






Figure 8 4: Temp Set point Numeric Screen

Enter the desired temperature set point by tapping on the screen and press **Enter** to complete.

- **For this example**, we will be using a set point of 35°C. As soon as you tap the enter button you will be brought back to the Controller Settings screen.

REMARK: The numeric screen is used at various places throughout this manual everywhere where numeric values are to be changed or entered.

8.3. Changing the Switch control mode

When returned to the Controller Setting screen of Figure 8 3 on the input field under **Switch Control Mode**.

Switch Control Mode



Figure 8 5: Control Mode settings Screen

The switch control mode defines in which manner the output switch will be operated in order to maintain the desired temperature. Tap on the desired Switch Control Mode. The NGC-20 supports a number of different control modes as shown on Figure 8 5

The different control modes supported are:

- ▶ On / Off
- ▶ Prop. Ambient Contactor
- ▶ PASC contactor
- ▶ Force On
- ▶ Force OFF
- ▶ Cancel

Note that depending on the selected control mode the input fields in the previous and next screens will vary.

Cancel will bring you back to the Controller Settings screen (Figure 8 3).

Controller Settings 1 (On/Off)



Figure 8 6: Controller Settings 1

On/Off is a simple set point / on-off operation.

Set in the **Dead band** Field the desired dead band.

Note that the Dead band will be above set point.

Example; a set point of 40°C and dead band of 5 will turn the heating off at 45°C and on at 39°C.

Controller Settings 1 (Prop. Ambient Contactor)



Figure 8 7: Controller Settings

Prop. Ambient Contactor: see PASC below.

PASC Contactor takes advantage of the fact that the heat loss from a pipe is proportional to the temperature difference between the pipe and the ambient air. This is true regardless of heater type, insulation type, or pipe size. Once the heat tracing and insulation on a pipe has been designed to balance heat input with heat loss and maintain a particular temperature, the main variable in controlling the pipe temperature becomes the ambient air temperature. The NGC-20 has a control algorithm that uses the measured ambient temperature, desired maintain temperature, minimum ambient temperature assumption used during the design stage, and size of the smallest pipe diameter to calculate how long the heater should be on or off to maintain a near-constant pipe temperature.

Proportional Band: is the delta between the desired temperature (set point) and the minimum expected ambient temperature.

The **Prop. Ambient Cycle Time** defines the total time cycle (Sum of the ON + OFF cycle) in minutes. The cycle time can be adjusted between minimum 10 and Maximum 255 minutes. The ON/OFF ratio will be calculated based on the measured ambient temperature.



Figure 8 8: Controller Settings

The **Power Adjustment factor** (min 10% to Max 200%) The Power adjustment factor can be used to influence or override the calculated ON /OFF ration values in excess of 100% will lead to more heat, values below 100% will reduce the temperature.

Tap **Apply** to confirm your new settings

Controller Settings 1 (Force ON / Force OFF)



Figure 8 9: Controller Settings

Force On The relay output is permanently switched on (user override), turns on the power to the heater and leaves it on.

Force OFF The relay output is permanently switched off (user override), turns off the power to the heater, and leaves it off.

Note: Remember to monitor the pipe temperatures for Low / High temperature alarms when selecting Force ON or Force OFF control mode.

Tap **Apply** after the desired control mode has been selected.

8.4. Changing NGC-20 device tag name

Tap on **Settings 2** on the bottom of the controller settings screen (Figure 8-6 till Figure 8-9).

Controller Settings 2



Figure 8 10: Controller Settings – Settings 2 screen

This screen allows you to change the NGC-20 device tag. Tags can be 39 characters in length and may contain all numeric characters. Enter the desired Tag for the NGC-20 device by tapping in the actual device tag or elsewhere in that field. (NGC-20-1)

Console Units: field allows changing the way temperature units are shown on the NGC-20 control units' display. Temperature can be shown in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius

Load Shed / Temperature Source Communications Timeout

NGC-20 Tag



Figure 8 11: Temp Set point Numeric Screen

Enter the desired Tag by using the onscreen keyboard. Tap **OK** when finished.

- For this example, the new tag will be "Pipe #1".

8.5. Changing the NGC-20 console units.

Tap on the field Console units to change the readout of the NGC-20 Control units display.

Console Units



Figure 8 12: NGC-20 Console Units screen

Tap on the desired console units.

8.6. Load Shed / Temperature Source Communications time out

Load shedding is a control mode that can be programmed and initiated only by an external communicating device, which overrides temperature control and forces the output of the controller OFF until the override is removed. When using an external device (Supervisor Software or a DCS), a load shedding command is continually broadcast over the communications network.

When power is applied, the controller delays energising its trace by 'x' number of seconds, where 'x' is equal to the last digit in its network address. If the load shed function is enabled, the controller will go into load shed mode before it turns its output on. It will then look for the broadcasted load shed command. If the controller receives the load shed command before it times out, it will remain in load shed mode, and the output will remain off as long as the module receives a regular broadcast of the command. If the controller does not receive the load shed command within the timeout period, it will energise its output and resume normal operation. The timing of this broadcast (and the timeout value) can vary between 30 seconds and 10 minutes. A total of 16 different load shedding zones can be defined.

Enter confirms the new settings and returns to Figure 8-10 Controller Settings – Settings 2 screen.



Figure 8 13

8.7. Setting the Auto Cycle Interval.

Tap on Settings 3 on the bottom of the controller settings screen of Figure 8-6 till Figure 8-10

Controller Settings 3



Figure 8 14: Controller settings - Settings 3 screen

This screen allows you to change the NGC-20 device tag. Tags can be 39 characters in length and may contain all numeric characters. Enter the desired Tag for the NGC-20 device by tapping in the actual device tag or elsewhere in that field. (NGC-20-1)

Console Units: field allows changing the way temperature units are shown on the NGC-20 control units' display. Temperature can be shown in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius

Load Shed / Temperature Source Communications Timeout

8.8. Alarm Output Mode

The Alarm Output Mode defines the way the alarm relay will act in case of alarms. The different options are: Normal Operation, Toggle, Flash or cancel.

Alarm Output Mode



Figure 8 15: Alarm Output Mode

Normal operation: Selecting this will result in the alarm relay changing state in case of an alarm. (General alarm) This means the open contact will close and the closed contact of the SPDT alarm relay will open.

Toggle: selecting toggle will cause the Alarm relay to change state each time a new alarm comes up.

Flash: selecting to Flash the Alarm relay will alternatively open and close the Alarm relay. The interval itself can be user defined in the Alarm Output Toggle Time

Cancel will take you back to the previous screen without any of the changes made.

8.9. Setting up Load Shedding

A total of 16 different load shedding zones can be defined.

Load Shedding 1

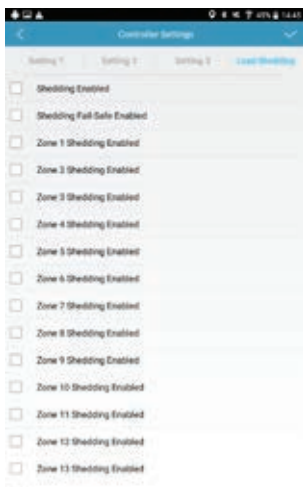


Figure 8 16: Controller Settings, Load Shedding 1

If a load shedding command is present, the controller will continue to hold the output OFF, until one of two conditions occurs:

1. The zone definition flags of an external communicating device which initiated load shedding clears and the command to terminate load shedding mode is issued.
2. Communications are interrupted between the controller and its communicating device, as in the case of a damaged communications wire. If communication ceases for a specified timeout value, the controller will return to normal operation. The value for this timeout is programmable within the controller (30 seconds to 600 seconds).

Note: The controller will return to normal operation if communications between the external communicating device and the controller are disrupted in any way. This will return temperature control to the HTC. Also, the HTC does not perform a periodic autocycle test while operating in load shed mode.

Load Shedding 2

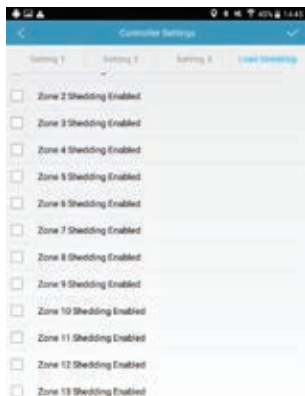


Figure 8 17: Controller Settings, Load Shedding 2

Three parameters must be set in the controller to configure it for load shedding operation:

1. The load shedding feature must be enabled.
2. The FAIL SAFE MODE parameter must be enabled or disabled depending on the application requirements. If FAIL SAFE MODE is enabled, then at least one LOW TS ALARM (of a TS used in the TS CONTROL MODE) must be enabled. If the alarm temperature exceeds the CONTROL SET POINT temperature, fail-safe mode will be disabled.
3. The zone definition flags of an external communicating device that are to be associated with the load shedding action for the controller must be defined. The NGC40 controller will support up to 16 different zones.

These parameters can only be configured using an external communicating device connected to the bridge or UIT.

Notes:

- Fail-safe mode is always disabled if the SWITCHCONTROL MODE is set to either of the two proportional ambient control modes, or the TS CONTROL MODE = EXT INPUT, FAIL OFF/ON
- The HTC will turn on its output switch when the control temperature becomes less than the highest LOW TS ALARM temperature if the following conditions are met:
 - Fail-safe mode is enabled
 - Load shedding is active
 - The TS CONTROL MODE uses both TS 1 and TS 2
 - Both TS 1 and TS 2 have their LOW TS ALARMS enabled
- A FORCE ON override signal has higher priority than a load shedding signal. An INHIBIT signal has higher priority than fail safe mode.

Tapping the Back button brings you back to the NGC-20 configuration screen (Figure 8 2: NGC-20 Configuration screen)

9. CHANGING NGC-20 TEMPERATURE SETTINGS AND TEMPERATURE ALARMS

On the NGC-20 Configuration screen (Figure 9 1) tap on Temperature Settings.

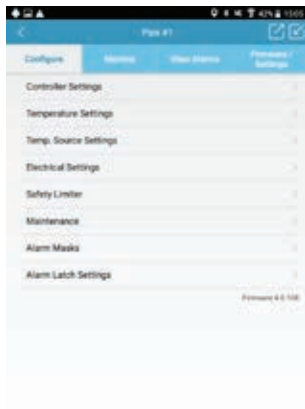


Figure 9 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen

9.1. Changing NGC-20 Temperature Sensor Type (Sensor 1).

The first screen of the temperature settings screen enables configuration of the sensors. The NGC-20 control unit supports only one type of temperature control input (Pt 100 -3-wire)

Temperature Settings Sensor 1



Figure 9 2: Temperature Settings: Sensor 1 screen

The first field **Temperature sensor 1 Type** offers only two options either *“3 wire 100 Ohm Platinum”* or *“Not Used”* only use *Not used* when there is no temperature sensor connected to this input.

9.2. Setting High and Low Temperature Alarm Set Points (Sensor 1)

High / Low Alarm Set point Sensor 1



Figure 9 3: Temperature Settings: Sensor 1 screen

High Alarm Set Point

Enter in this field the value at which - when exceeded - you want the NGC-20 control unit to generate a high temperature alarm. This High Temperature condition will be monitored by Temperature sensor T1 only.

Low Alarm Set Point

Enter in this field the value at which - when exceeded - you want the NGC-20 control unit to generate a Low Temperature Alarm. This Low Temperature condition will be monitored by Temperature sensor T1 only.

9.3. High and Low Alarm Filter (Sensor 1)

High and Low Alarm Filter Sensor 1	
<div></div> <p>Figure 9 4: Temperature Settings: Sensor 1 screen</p>	<p>Alarm filters can be seen as an alarm delay. This means that when the temperature drops below the Low Alarm Set point the NGC-20 Control unit will only trigger an alarm when the value entered in the Low Alarm Filter is timed out. This means that if immediate action of the alarm output is required, the Low Alarm Filter value should be set at 0 sec. Any other value will result in a delay. The operation of the High Alarm Filter is the same. Min 0 to Max 59940 seconds for Sensor 2 in order to configure the second temperature input connected to the NGC-20 control unit. Hit Apply when done. The Back button will bring you back to the NGC-20 Configuration screen of Figure 8 2.</p>

9.4. Defining which temperature input is used for control

The third screen of the Temperature Settings menu defines the Temperature Control Mode.

Temperature Settings



Figure 9 5: Temperature Settings: Control screen

Use the Temperature Control Screen to define which temperature input is chosen for control. Of all the temperature input options one input needs to be selected for control. Alternatively the control temperature can be based on the average or the lowest temperature of all temperature inputs currently connected and enabled.

High Temperature Alarm Set point (range from min -80 to Max +700°C)

Enter in this field the value at which - when surpassed - you want the NGC-20 control unit to generate a high temperature alarm. This high temperature condition will be monitored by the temperature sensor or group of temperature sensors selected for control.

Low Temperature Alarm Set point (range from min -80 to Max +700°C)

Enter in this field the value at which - when surpassed - you want the NGC-20 control unit to generate a low temperature alarm. This low temperature condition will be monitored by the temperature sensor or group of temperature sensors selected for control.

High and Low Temperature Alarm Filter (Range from Min 0 to Max 59940 seconds)

Alarm filters can be seen as an alarm delay. This means that when the temperature drops below the Low Alarm Set point the NGC-20 Control unit will only trigger an alarm when the value entered in the Low Alarm Filter is timed out. This means that if immediate action of the alarm output is required, that the Low Alarm Filter value should be set at 0 sec. Any other value will result in a delay. The operation of the High Alarm Filter is the same. Hit Apply when done

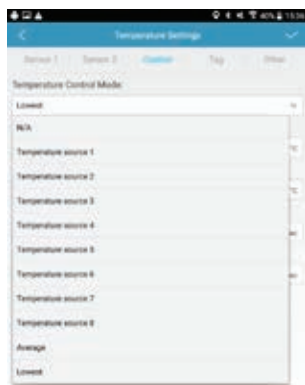


Figure 9 6: Temperature Settings: Control screen

Note that Temperature source 1 and Temperature source 2 are inputs directly connected to the input terminals of the NGC-20 unit. Temperature source 3 till Temperature source 8 are not used.

Lowest: Setting the Temperature Control to Lowest means that the output of the NGC-20 will be controlled based on the lowest temperature measured by any of the temperature sensors connected to the NGC-20 direct.

Average: Setting the Temperature Control to Average means that the output of the NGC-20 will be controlled based on the average temperature measured by all the Temperature sensors connected to the NGC-20 either direct to the Temperature sensor inputs TS 1 and TS 2.

9.5. Assigning Temperature sensor Tag name

The fourth screen of the Temperature settings enables an easy recognisable Tag name to be assigned to each individual Temperature sensor.

Sensor 1 Tag



Figure 9 7: Temperature Settings: Sensor Tag screen

Sensor Tags fields can contain a maximum of 39 characters and may contain numeric and alpha numeric values. Confirm the new sensor tag by tapping on the OK button. When appropriate also edit the Temperature Sensor 2 Tag name

9.6. Setting up Fail Safe mode and High Limit Cut-Out Set point

The Fail safe mode defines the output of the NGC-20 output switch in case of a sensor failure. Tap on the entry field behind Fail mode for more options

Sensor 1 Tag



Figure 9 8: Temperature Settings: Other screen



Figure 9 9: Temperature Settings: Temperature Fail Mode screen

The different Fail modes supported by the NGC-20 are:

Fail Off: meaning that if the control sensor(s) of this NGC-20 unit should fail the output switch will open. Use this for all circuits where keeping the heating cables permanently powered could cause overheating.

Fail On: meaning that if the control sensor(s) of this NGC-20 unit should fail the output switch will be permanently close. This is the preferred option for freeze protection lines and most self regulating heating systems.

Last %: this Fail Mode is only applicable to the control mode PASC or Proportional Ambient sensing. The Fail Safe mode Last % will control the output in a similar manner as it was doing before the sensor(s) failed. This Alternate ON/OFF switching will be time based only - there will be no relation to temperature.

Fixed %: The Fail Mode Fixed % will alternate the control output ON and OFF at a certain interval.

Choose the desired fail safe mode from the list by tapping on that field

Cancel will bring you back to the previous screen as shown in Figure 9-8.

9.7. Setting the High Limit Cut-Out Set point

Tap in the field of the High Limit Cut-Out. This will open the numeric key pad. Enter the new High Limit Cut-Out set point and confirm the new set point by tapping Enter.

Temperature Settings



Figure 9 10: Temperature Settings: Temperature Fail Mode screen

The **High Limit Cut-Out** actually works as a temperature limiter which can be configured to operate as either a latching or non-latching type. When the Latching button is set to **YES** than each time an alarm has occurred the Alarm needs to be manually reset. When set to **NO** than the alarms will be self-healing and will disappear when the alarm condition is no longer present.

Confirm your new settings by tapping the **Apply** button. After that, tap on **Back** to return to Figure 9 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen

9.8. Configuring the NGC-20 Temperature Sources

NGC-20 units can be configured to read from various types of temperature sources / temperature sensors. Use the following screens to configure the NGC-20 control unit. Tap on Temp Source Settings (Figure 9 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen).

NGC-20 Configuration



Figure 9 11: NGC-20 Configuration screen

This will open a new screen as is shown on Figure 9-12.

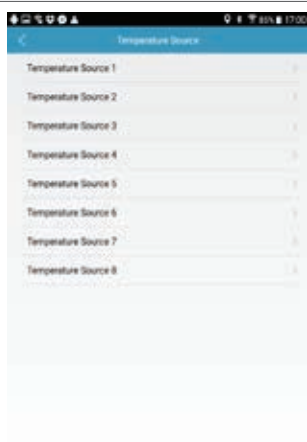


Figure 9 12: Temperature Sources

Select the Temperature source you want to configure by tapping on the field.

One NGC-20 Control unit can be configured with up to 8 Temperature Sources.

2 of these sources are local (hardwired) to the NGC-20 unit, the remaining inputs can be configured through optional MONI-RMM2-E and NGC-UIT modules.



Figure 9 13: Temperature Source mode 1

Temperature Source Mode: in this first field the installation method of the temperature source needs to be specified. The different options are:

Not Used: means that this temperature sensor is not being used

Local: means that the temperature source is hard wired to the input terminals of the NGC-20 control unit. This can be either to the terminals labelled with TS 1 or the one labelled as TS 2.

Tapping on the field of your choice will bring you back to the previous screen (Figure 9 13).

Remote: this means that this particular temperate Source is imported through the use of optional MONI-RMM2 and NGC-UIT units. Refer to the operating manual of the NGC-30 for more details. Tapping on Remote will require that you enter the Gateway ModBus Address, Gateway Port Number and the ModBus address of the MONI-RMM2 device to which the temperature Source is physically connected. Refer to the operating manual of the NGC-30-UIT for more details. Confirm your settings by tapping on Apply.

Cancel will bring you back to the previous screen.

9.9. Temperature Sensor Configuration

The next screens allow you to configure the use of the temperature sensors.

Temperature Configuration



Figure 9 14: Temperature Configuration

The different options are:

Not Used: tap on this field in case the temperature sensor is not used.

Used for Control: tap on the field Used For Control if you want this temperature input to be used as primary input for control. (drives the control logic of the NGC-20)

High Limit Cut-Out: tap on this field if you want to configure this temperature source as an input for the high temperature cut out function of the NGC-20. The High Limit Cut-Out function prevents the heated surface from overheating. When the High Cut-Out Temperature Set Point is reached the NGC-20 Output will be turned OFF regardless of whether or not the maintain temperature is reached. Use this function for instance to prevent the cable surface temperature exceeding a certain level.

Low Limit Cut-Out: tap on this field if you want to configure this temperature source as an input for the low temperature cut out function of the NGC-20. The Low Limit Cut-Out function prevents the heater from being power on while temperatures drop below minimum temperature acceptable for heater. When the Low Cut-Out Temperature Set Point is reached the NGC-20 Output will be turned OFF regardless of even though the maintain temperature is above the measured temperature.


Any combination can be selected.

10. ELECTRICAL SETTINGS

To set up the electrical Settings in the Configuration menu, tap on Electrical Settings in Figure 10 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen.



Figure 10 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen

Electrical Settings (Alarm Set Points 1)	
<div></div> <p>Figure 10 2: Electrical Settings / Alarm Set Points 1 screen</p>	<p>The Electrical Settings Alarm Set points Screen 1 allows the following variables to be adjusted:</p> <p>High / Low Load Current (Range Min 0.3 – Max 30A) The Load Current alarm will generate an alarm each time the Load Current supplied to the heating cable exceeds the defined band. The load current is the same as the heater current.</p> <p>High and Low Voltage (Range Min 50 – Max 305 VAC) The voltage alarm will generate an alarm each time the power supply voltage supplying the NGC-20 control unit and the heating cables exceeds the defined band.</p>

Electrical Settings (Alarm Set Points 1)

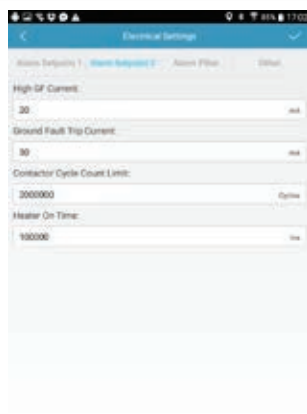


Figure 10 3: Electrical Settings / Alarm Set Points 2 screen

The Electrical Settings Alarm Set Points Screen 2 allows the following variables to be adjusted:

High GF Current (Range Min 10 – Max 250 mA)

This field holds the value at which an early warning will be generated in the form of a High GF alarm. Typical value between 15 and 20 mA.

Ground Fault Trip Current (Range Min 10 – Max 250 mA)

The GF Trip Current field holds the value at which a ground fault signal will trip the output permanently OFF. Typically GF Trip is set at a slightly higher value than the **High GF Current** Set point. Typical value is between 20 and 30 mA

Ground Fault Trip (Enable / Disable) setting the Ground Fault Trip to Disabled, disables the Ground Fault Trip function. The High GF Alarm would still be generated when the leakage current exceeds the alarm value.

Contactor Cycle Count Limit (Range Min 0 – Max 2000000)

The Contactor Cycle Count counts the number of switch operations the Control output of the NGC-20 has made since the last reset. Each switch operation will subtract one (1) from the value entered in the counter. When the counter runs empty an alarm will be generated.

Heater On Time (Range Min 1 – Max 1000000 hrs) The Heater On Time Alarm is an hour counter which record the actual time the output is closed and the heating cables are used since the last reset.

Confirm your new settings by tapping on the Apply button. Click on Back to return to NGC-20 Configuration screen.

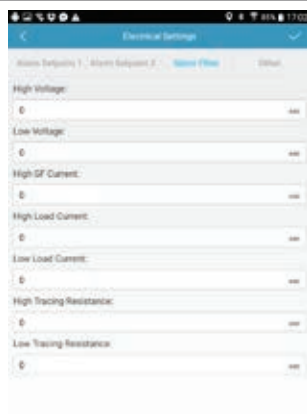


Figure 10 4: Electrical Settings / Alarm Filters screen

The Electrical Settings Alarm filters

The use of Alarm filters minimizes nuisance alarms by forcing the NGC-20 to verify that the Alarm condition continually exists over the selected period of time before the alarm is being indicated and the alarm relay acts. Alarm filters are provided for: high and low voltage alarms, high and low heater current alarms, high ground fault current alarms, high and low tracing resistance. There is no alarm filter provided for ground fault tip alarms since this sort of alarm requires immediate action.

Tapping on the field after the Alarm filter name will open a selection screen. Only filter times as shown on the screen can be selected.



Figure 10 5: Electrical Settings / Alarm Filters values

Once the field containing the desired value is tapped then the screen will close and you will be brought back to Figure 10 4. When all filter times are entered, tap **Apply** to confirm the new settings. Click on **Back** to return to previous screen Figure 11 1: NGC-20 Configuration Screen

Electrical Settings (Other)



Figure 10 6: Electrical Settings /Other

The Electrical Settings Other allows the following variables to be adjusted:

Nominal Tracing Resistance: this field contains the calculated value of the tracing resistance. (Ohmic) Enter the nominal tracing resistance via the numeric pad and confirm the new settings by tapping **Enter**.

High Tracing Deviation (%): if the calculated tracing resistance deviates more than x% an alarm will be generated. Use the numeric keypad to enter the desired value and confirm new settings by tapping **Enter**.

Low Tracing Deviation (%): if the calculated tracing resistance deviates more than x% an alarm will be generated. Use the numeric keypad to enter the desired value and confirm new settings by tapping **Enter**.

Tap Apply to confirm. Tap on Back to go to the NGC-20 Configuration screen.

11. SIL 2 SAFETY TEMPERATURE LIMITER SETTINGS

The next section shows how to configure the NGC-20 SIL 2 approved Safety Temperature Limiter. Use this limiter to prevent heating applications from overheating. The NGC-20 Safety Temperature Limiter is approved for use in Hazardous area Zone 1, Zone 21, Zone 2 and Zone 22




Figure 11 1: NGC-20 Configuration Screen

Tap on **Temperature Limiter** to open the Limiter configuration screen.

Limiter Parameters




Figure 11 2: Limiter Parameters

Firmware:
This field shows the actual firmware revision of the Safety Temperature Limiter.

Safety Limiter Status:
This field shows the actual status of the Safety Temperature Limiter.(Normal operation, Tripped, Latch Temporarily Disabled)

Safety Limiter Temperature:
Shows the temperature actually being measured by the Limiter RTD. If this value surpasses the Safety Limiter Set Point the Safety Limiter will trip open. Once the Safety Limiter has tripped a manual intervention will be required to Reset / Rearm the Safety Temperature Limiter. Resetting the safety Temperature limiter will be only possible after all process conditions have returned to a safe state. (The Limiter Temperature has dropped below the Limiter Temperature Set Point.

Safety Limiter Temperature Set Point:
This field holds the Safety Limiter Set Point. This value should be chosen in accordance with the Temperature Class of the area in which the heating application is installed (T-class T4, T3, T2) or the maximum surface temperature allowed for the heating device assuming this is a lower temperature.

Since the Safety Temperature Limiter is a safety device it requires a special procedure to write a new set point to the Temperature limiter. Tap in the Limiter Temperature Set Point field to start the write procedure. This will open a new screen

Limiter Set Point



Figure 11 3: Safety Limiter Cut-Out

Enter the new set point via the numeric pad. Hit Enter to confirm the new Limiter Cut-Out set point. This will open a new screen: Figure 11 4: (writing a new) Safety Limiter *Cut-Out*.

Limiter Set Point



Figure 11 4: (writing a new) Safety Limiter Cut-Out

From this point onward the NGC-CMA2 device will send the new set point at regular intervals to the NGC-20 hardware (Polling). The polling process will be repeated until the process is cancelled or until the Safety Limiter Set button inside the unit is pressed. **Press and hold the button for 3 seconds.**

The Display of the NGC-20 will flash briefly and show actual and new limiter cut out temperature.

The Safety Limiter Temperature Set button is the Black Push button on the left-hand side of the NGC-20 hardware as is shown on Figure 11 5 below. After the new set point has been successfully updated a message will appear confirming the new set point has been successfully updated.

Note: that the new set point may differ 1 or 2 degrees from the selected values. This is caused by rounding up or rounding down the Set Point while it is been converted by the internal electronics.

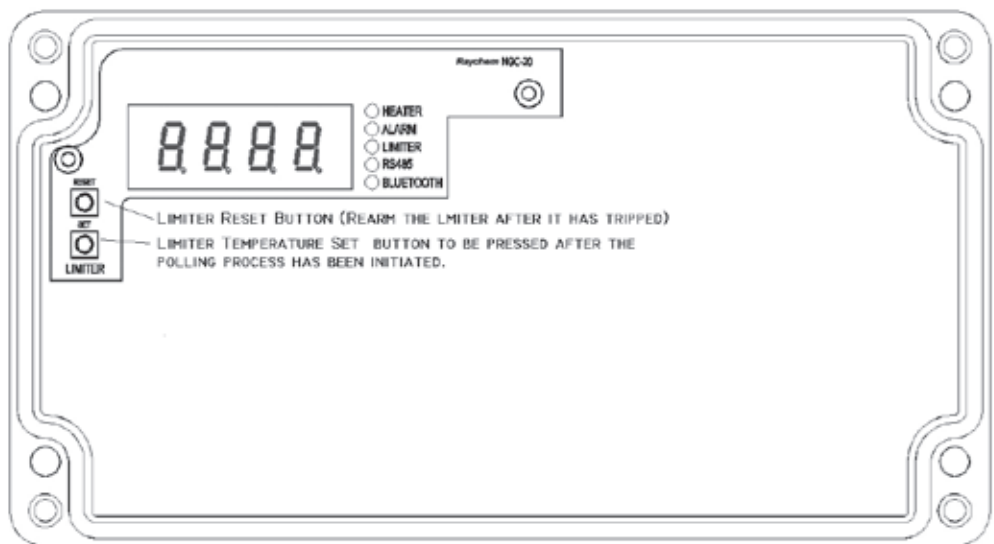


Figure 11 5: location of limiter temperature set button and Limiter Reset button inside the NGC-20 control unit enclosure.

11.1. Resetting the Safety Temperature Limiter

Once the safety Temperature limiter has tripped it will need to be reset in order to restore normal operation. Resetting the Safety Temperature limiter will only be possible after safe operating conditions have returned. See Figure 11 5 in order to locate the RESET button.

Reset protection Password




Figure 11 6: Resetting – rearming the Safety temperature Limiter

Resetting the Safety Temperature Limiter is a safety Function therefore the Reset operation is protected by a password in order to prevent the Safety Temperature limiter form being reset unintentionally.

The Safety temperature Limiter can be reset from the NGC-CMA2. In order to do so, tap on **Reset Tripped Limiter** doing this will open a new screen as is shown in Figure 11 7

Use the numeric Key pad to enter the number shown in blue on the top of the screen and tap enter.

Successfully Reset Tripped Limiter




Figure 11 7: Resetting – rearming the Safety temperature Limiter

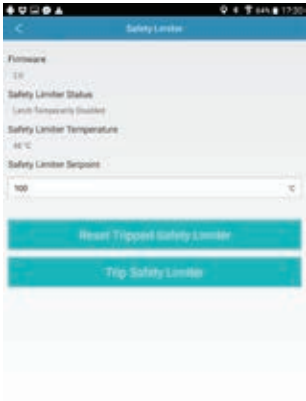
If the number entered was correct than the Safety Limiter will Reset and a pop up screen will appear

The pop up screen confirms the Safety temperature Limiter has been successfully reset.

Tap OK when done.

11.2. Trip Limiter - Test function for SIL approved Safety Temperature limiter

This is the test function of the SIL 2 approved Safety Temperature limiter.

Limiter Parameters (Trip Limiter)	
<div><p>Figure 11 8: Limiter cut out temperature updated successfully.</p></div>	<p>This is the test function of the SIL 2 approved Safety Temperature limiter. Hit this field in order to Test the safety Temperature limiter at regular intervals at least once every year. When tripped a screen will pop up confirming that the Safety Temperature Limiter has tripped successfully. In order to rearm the safety temperature limiter follow the procedure as explained in paragraph 11.1 Resetting the Safety Temperature Limiter. Tap on Back when done. This will bring you back to the NGC-20 Configuration Screen (Figure 11 1).</p>

12. MAINTENANCE DATA

The Maintenance data screens provide the possibility to look at Minimum and Maximum values of recorded data. While controlling the NGC-20 control unit measures many variables such as; voltage, current, temperature, ground fault etc.. and for each of these the highest and lowest value ever measured is stored in the NGC-20 controllers memory. The Maintenance screens of the NGC-CMA2 enable to visualise and to reset this data.

Note: Maintenance data is stored until it is manually reset. After resetting the measuring process starts new and stores new Min / Max values until the next reset. Tap Maintenance Data in order to continue.


	In total there are 6 screens showing maintenance data. The last option in Maintenance Screen 6 Forces the Factory defaults to be loaded in the NGC-20 control Unit.
---	---

Figure 12 1: NGC-20 Configuration Screen


Reset Maintenance (1)	
	Records are kept of: Control Temperature, AC Voltage

Figure 12 2: Maintenance data screen 1


Reset Maintenance (2)	
	Sensor 1 Temperature Sensor 2 Temperature,

Figure 12 3: Maintenance data screen 2

Reset Maintenance (3)



Figure 12 4: Maintenance data screen 2

Highest Ground Fault
Highest Load Current

Reset Maintenance (4)



Figure 12 5: Maintenance data screen 4

Contactor Cycle count
Number of hours in use

Reset Maintenance (5)



Figure 12 6: Maintenance data screen 5

Heater On Time
Power Accumulator

Reset Maintenance (6)



Figure 12 7: Maintenance data screen

Safety Limiter Min / Max temperatures

Forces the Factory defaults to be loaded in the connected NGC-20 control Unit.

Tap on Back when done. This will bring you back to the NGC-20 Configuration Screen (Figure 12 1).

12.1. Force User Configuration Defaults.

Tapping on this field will force the factory defaults to be loaded in the connected NGC-20 control Unit.

Reset Maintenance (Forcing Factory Default settings)



Figure 12 8: Maintenance data screen

Tapping on the field Force User Config. Defaults will force the factory defaults to be loaded in the connected NGC-20 control Unit.

Force User Defaults

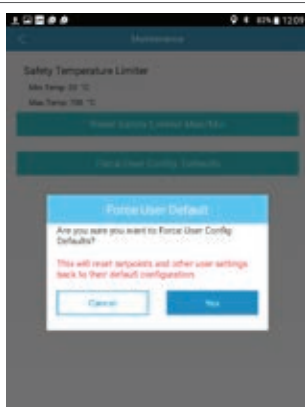


Fig 12 9 Reset Maintenance – Confirm to load factory defaults.

Tap Yes or No

Note: that this function will override all customised settings and that they will be lost. After tapping Yes the field will briefly colour green as confirmation that the factory defaults are being loaded.

13. ALARM MASKS

The Alarm Mask defines which alarms will be enabled and which Alarms will be disabled. In order to enable an alarm just check the checkbox in on the left side of the screen. Before alarms will be generated they need to be enabled.

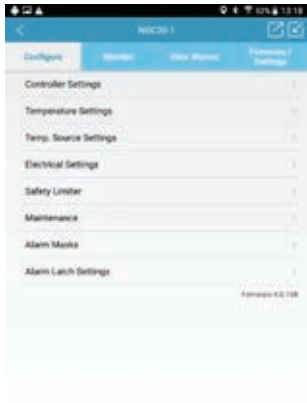


Figure 13 1: NGC-20 Configuration Screen

In total there are 4 screens with Alarm Masks. Alarms preceded by the ✓ checkmark are enabled.

Alarm Masks (1)	
<div><p>Figure 13 2: Alarm Masks Screen 1</p></div>	<p>Tap Yes or No</p> <p>Note: that this function will override all customised settings and that they will be lost. After tapping Yes the field will briefly colour green as confirmation that the factory defaults are being loaded.</p>
Alarm Masks (2)	
<div><p>Figure 13 3: Alarm Masks Screen</p></div>	

Alarm Masks (3)

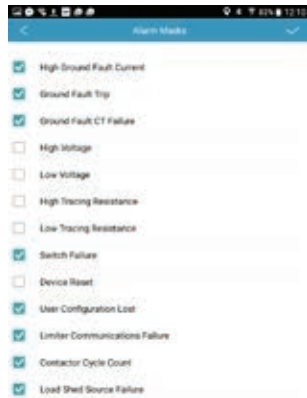


Figure 13 4: Alarm Masks Screen 3

Tap on the **Back** button when done. This will bring you back to Figure 13 1: NGC-20 Configuration Screen

14. NGC-20 MONITORING SCREENS

Besides its function as a programming and configuration interface, the NGC-CMA2 can also be used to monitor NGC-20 units while they are in operation. When used in monitoring mode all process variables measured by the NGC-20 control units can be visualised on the NGC-CMA2. Tap on the monitoring field to continue. This will open the first of a total of 6 available monitoring screens. You can use the Left / Right buttons on the bottom of the screen to cycle through the different screens.

The following parameters are permanently monitored:

Monitoring Screen 1



Figure 14 1: NGC-20 Monitoring

Control Temperature: Shows the actual temperature used by the NGC-20 for control. Based on this temperature the output will be switched ON / OFF.

Load Current: current uptake of the load(s) connected to the control output of the NGC-20 control Unit.

Note: that the load connected to the daisy chain terminals will not be monitored.

Voltage: actual power supply voltage

Ground Fault Current: instantaneous ground fault current

Limiter Status: shows actual limiter status.

Limiter Temperature Reporting: this field shows the actual limiter temperature measured by the Limiter RTD.

Monitoring Screen 2



Figure 14 2: NGC-20 Monitoring

Test Tracing: tapping on the Start / Stop field will open the numeric key pad. Enter here a number x. After tapping on Enter the output of the NGC-20 will close, turning the connector heater on for x amount of seconds.

Voltage: this shows the actual voltage and the highest / lowest voltage that the unit has recorded since the last reset. For resetting these values go to the Maintenance screens as explained elsewhere in this manual.

Load Current: this field shows the actual load current and the highest current the unit has ever seen since the last reset. To reset these values go to the Maintenance screens.

Tracing Resistance: this field shows the actual calculated tracing resistance. (Calculated by dividing the measured supply voltage by the measured current) a value of 8000 Ohms means there is no load connected.

Monitoring Screen 3



Figure 14 3: NGC-20 Monitoring

Last on Load Current

The load current during the last switched on situation.

Ground Fault Current

the Earth Leakage / Ground Fault in milliamps [mA].

Power Accumulator (kW-Hr)

This feature indicates the total power consumption of the trace circuit since the last time the Power Accumulator was reset. It may be useful to log the amount of power consumed on a particular trace circuit for the purposes of energy management or gathering of data for future design criteria.

Power Consumption

Power consumption in kW, calculated by measured Voltage and Current.

Monitoring Screen 4



Figure 14 4: NGC-20 Monitoring

Control Temperature:

This is the temperature used by the NGC-20 controller to steer the output switch. This can be either the temperature measured by Temperature sensor 1, temperature sensor 2, the average or the lowest of both readings.

Max / Min are showing the highest and lowest reading recorded since the last reset. The value last on was the control temperature of the NGC-20 when the output was switched ON the last time.

Sensor 1 Temperature:

This field shows the actual temperature measured by temperature sensor 1. Max / Min are showing the highest and lowest reading recorded since the last reset.

Sensor 2 temperature:

This field shows the actual temperature measured by temperature sensor 2. Max / Min are showing the highest and lowest reading recorded since the last reset.

Monitoring Screen 5



Figure 14 5: NGC-20 Monitoring

Source Temperatures:

This field shows all actual tensor temperatures presently connected. Temperature sources 3 to 8 require the use of an optional NGC-UIT and MONI-RMM2 device.

Contactor Cycle Count:

This field gives the actual number of switch operations the output switch has performed since the last reset.

Monitoring Screen 6



Figure 14 6: NGC-20 Monitoring

Source Temperatures:

This field shows all actual tensor temperature presently connected. Temperature source 1 to 8 require the use of an optional NGC-UIT and MONI-RMM2 device.

Contactor Cycle Count:

This field gives the actual number of switch operation the output switch has performed since the last reset.

Monitoring Screen 7

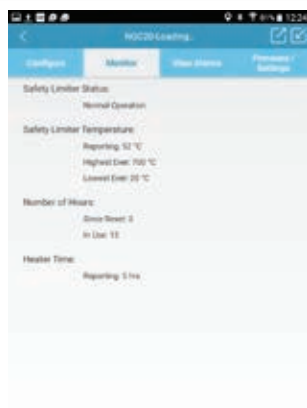


Figure 14 7: NGC-20 Monitoring

Limiter Status

This field shows the actual state of the Safety temperature limiter of NGC-20-CL-E units.

Limiter Temperature

These fields are showing temperature information measured by the limiter temperature sensor RTD 3.

Reporting: actual measured temperature

Max: maximum temperature ever measured since last reset.

Min : minimum temperature ever measured since last reset

Number of hours:

Since Reset: This feature indicates the total hours of use of the controller since the last reset (power cycle). The number of hours since last reset hours accumulator can only be reset by cycling the controller's power.

Note: The Number of hours since last reset will roll over to zero when the upper limit of 65,535 hours has been exceeded.

In Use: The purpose of this feature is to indicate the total hours of use of the controller since its initial operation.

Note: The Hours in use accumulator value will roll over to zero when the upper limit of the accumulator has been exceeded. This limit is 4,294,967,295 hours.

Heater Time

Total time the heater has been energised since it was last reset (power cycle).

Tap on the Back button when done. This will bring you back to the NGC-20 Main Screen.



Figure 14 8: NGC-20 Main screen

15. NGC-20 ALARM SCREENS.

Tap on the View Alarms screen in order to investigate and eventually reset actual alarms. In the Active Alarms field all alarms are shown. In the example below only one Limiter Trip Alarm is present.


NGC-20 Alarms	
	<p>In order to reset an alarm select the alarm by tapping on that specific alarm in the Active alarms window and then hit Reset Selected Alarm. The Reset All Alarms button resets all actual alarms in a single operation.</p> <p>Note that Alarms can only be reset after the event causing the alarm has been resolved or the measured value has changed such that the actual reading is within the alarm boundaries</p>

Figure 15 1: NGC-20 Alarms Screen

Example: a low temperature alarm can only be reset when the temperature has increased to a value above the low temperature alarm set point as shown in Figure 9-5: Temperature Settings Control screen.


Figure 9 5: Temperature Settings: Control screenAfter the alarms are reset than hit the Back button to go back to the main screen



Figure 15 2: NGC-20 Main screen

16. FIRMWARE / SETTINGS (COMMUNICATION SETTINGS)


Tap on the Firmware/Settings button as presented on Figure 8 2.


Firmware/Settings	
 <p>Figure 16 1: Firmware and general settings</p>	<p>Update Firmware: enables new revisions of firmware to be installed in the NGC-20 controller via the NGC-CMA2</p> <p>Com Parameters: allows configuring the ModBus and serial interface settings.</p> <p>NGC-20 Display Test: forces the NGC-20 unit to execute a display test.</p>

16.1. Upgrading firmware of the NGC-20 control unit

The Firmware / Settings function allows you to install new revisions of NGC-20 firmware in the controller via the NGC-CMA2 and the wireless Bluetooth interface. This procedure can be performed on units while they are in operation. During the firmware upload process the NGC-20 unit will be out of service for about 2 minutes. For safety reasons the output of the controller will be off during the entire upgrade process.

In the screen of Figure 16 1 tap on the Update Firmware button to initiate the process. This will open the Firmware update screen.

Firmware Update	
 <p>Figure 16 2: Installing new Firmware</p>	<p>Update Firmware: enables new revisions of firmware to be installed in the NGC-20 controller via the NGC-CMA2</p> <p>Com Parameters: allows configuring the ModBus and serial interface settings.</p> <p>NGC-20 Display Test: forces the NGC-20 unit to execute a display test.</p>

Select Firmware File	
 <p>Figure 16 3: Selecting Firmware</p>	<p>Tapping on this field will open a new screen. On this screen all available versions of NGC-20 firmware currently present on the NGC-CMA2 firmware folder will be listed.</p> <p>Note: the nVent RAYCHEM firmware files are binary files. New configuration files need to be placed in the folder Application Data\ nVent RAYCHEM\NGC CMA\NGC20 Firmware. This folder will be automatically installed while installing the application.</p> <p>Select the new file by tapping on it and hit OK.</p> <p>Warning: don't try to upload files other than original files provided by nVent . Any attempt to try to upload false or incomplete files may damage the NGC-20 Control unit.</p>

Firmware Update



Figure 16 4: Uploading Firmware

After the new file is selected hit **Upload** to start the upload process.

The old Firmware version as well the as the new Firmware are shown on the NGC-CMA2 screen

The installation procedure will remove the existing version and install new software in the NGC-20 control unit.

The installation progress can be followed on the **Progress** bar and on the installation progress timer.

Once the upload process is complete the NGC-20 control unit will briefly show the Firmware version number on the display and return to normal operation.

Firmware Update (Complete)

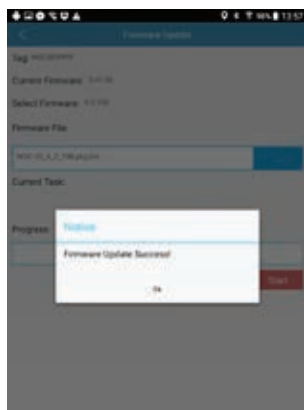




Figure 16 5: Firmware update complete

If the installation was successful a pop up window will appear confirming the firmware update was successful.

Confirm this pop up by tapping **OK**. This will close the Firmware upload process and return to the screen of Figure 16 4. Tap **Back** to close this window. Doing this will bring you back to Figure 16 1.

16.2. Changing the serial interface settings of the NGC-20 control unit

Communication Parameters	
	Tap on Com Parameters to open the Communication Parameters screen.
Figure 16 6: Firmware / Settings screen	

Com Parameters	
	<p>The Com. Parameters screen allows users to configure the communication settings of NGC-20 control units.</p> <p>Modbus Address: the Modbus address needs to be unique on the NGC-20 network. The Modbus address can have any value from 1 to 247. 247 is the maximum number of NGC-20 units which can be connected to one RS-485 serial communications port.</p> <p>Baud Rate: This field allows you to select the baud rate of the external communication port.</p> <p>Selections: 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600. Default : 9600</p> <p>Transmit Delay Entry Window (TX Delay)</p> <p>This field sets the time the NGC-UIT will wait after it receives a message before it replies.</p> <p>Range: 0–1000 milliseconds, Default : 20 ms</p> <p>Other defaults are: Frame Type = RTU, 8 Data bits, No Parity and 2 stop bits.</p> <p>These settings may have to be adjusted in order to set up communication between NGC-20 control units and non nVent Host systems like PLC's</p> <p><i>Tap on the Back button in order to leave this screen and to go back to figure 12.1</i></p>
Figure 16 7: Communication Parameters	

16.3. NGC-20 Display Test.

The field NGC-20 Display Test will initiate a display test of the NGC-20 Control unit's display. Tap on the Back button when done.

16.4. NGC-20 Mode settings

The field NGC-20 Mode will offer the option to switch the mode of the NGC-20 controller.

If the controller is used in combination with an UIT select "Mixed Mode"

In all other cases select "Standard Mode"

17. USING THE NGC-CMA2 IN MIXED MODE

When operated in mixed mode the feature set of the NGC-CMA2 is adapted to the level of the NGC-UIT. This means that a number of features as shown in the first part of the operation manual will be hidden in mixed mode. The following pages will focus on the features supported in mixed mode only. NGC-20 units will automatically detect in which mode they are operated (stand alone, in a network with Supervisor or in a mixed mode system together with an NGC-UIT) the general operation and use of the NGC-CMA2 remains unchanged.

17.1. Initial Setup of the unit in Mixed Mode

After the program is started the start up screen will be visualised. The start up screen allows users to configure the unit to their personal needs and process requirements.




Configuration Utility Main screen	
	<p>The Tab "Configure" initiates the Bluetooth device discovery process.</p> <p>The tab "Settings" allows setting the Language, Temperature units, and About shows the software revision.</p> <p>The tab "Exit" closes the application.</p> <p>Begin the initial configuration by tapping on Settings on the start up screen. This will open the Setup screen as shown in Figure 17 1.</p>

Figure 17 1: Startup screen


18. CHANGING MAIN SETTINGS OF THE USER INTERFACE SCREENS

Setup	
 <p>Figure 18 1: Setup Screen</p>	<p>About: shows the software version of the Configuration Utility Software.</p> <p>Languages: Allows selecting a convenient language of the user interface software.</p> <p>Temperature Units: Sets the temperature units of the NGC-CMA2. Supported are: degrees Celcius and degrees Fahrenheit. The default is Celsius.</p> <p>Back: Return to previous screen.</p>

18.1. Languages




Setup	
 <p>Figure 18 2: Language Selection Screen</p>	<p>Tap on Languages in Figure 18 1 to select your language.</p> <p>Supported languages are: English (default) French (Français) German (Deutsch)</p> <p>After tapping on the desired language, the Application will close and will need to be restarted manually.</p> <p>Remark: selecting a different language will cause the unit to reboot. Allow enough time for the unit to reboot and then revert back to step 1 in order to restart the application. The application will now run in the selected language.</p>

18.2. Temperature units

Temperature Units	
 <p>Figure 18 3: Temperature Units Screen</p>	<p>From the Setup Screen as shown in Fig 1.3 tap on Temperature Units to change the way in which temperatures will be displayed on the NGC-CMA2 screens. The factory default setting is °C.</p> <p>Tap on the desired units of measure degrees Celsius or degrees Fahrenheit. The screen will return automatically when the new unit has been selected.</p> <p>Tap on Cancel to return to the Startup Screen</p>

19. ESTABLISHING CONNECTION BETWEEN THE NGC-CMA2 AND NGC-20 CONTROL UNITS

The following pages will explain how to configure NGC-20 units from the NGC-CMA2 handheld programmer.

Configuration Utility Main Screen	
<div></div> <p>Figure 19 1: Main Screen</p>	<p>Tap on Configure (Figure 19 1).The display will now show the Bluetooth discovery screen and the device discovery process will be started.</p>
Bluetooth Discovery Process	
<div></div> <p>Figure 19 2: Bluetooth Discovery screen – Searching for devices</p>	<p>In background the device will scan for all NGC-20 controllers which are within range of the Bluetooth communications. Ensure that all NGC-20 units are powered up.</p>
Bluetooth Discovery Process (device inventory)	
<div></div> <p>Figure 19 3: Bluetooth Discovery screen – one device found</p>	<p>When searching is complete, devices in range will be listed on the screen.</p> <p>Example: For this example, the only device that is found is NGC-20-1. If more than one NGC-20 control unit is in range all units will be listed on the screen as shown in Figure 19 4</p>

Bluetooth Discovery Process (selecting device)



Figure 19 4: Bluetooth Discovery screen – finding multiple devices.

Select the device to be connected by tapping on the device name. A pop-up message will appear to confirm that you want to configure the NGC-20 controller. Press "yes" to continue.

If devices are not showing up move closer to the NGC-20 unit and repeat the scanning process by tapping on **the magnifying glass**. This will re-launch the device discovery process.

20. CONFIGURING NGC-20 CONTROL UNITS

In order to configure the connected NGC-20 control unit tap on Continue

NGC-20 Main Configuration Screen



Figure 20 1: NGC-20 Main screen

The NGC-20 main screen supports different options as shown in Figure 20 1.

Configure: to configure the selected unit.

Monitor: to monitor all process variables as currently active on this unit. All measured sensor temperatures, control temperature, load current, supply voltage, ground fault current and the status of the Safety Limiter.

View Alarms: shows an overview of all active alarms and to reset alarms.

Firmware / Settings: to install a new version of firmware in the selected controller.

Back to go back to the Bluetooth discovery screen. From here a different NGC-20 unit can be selected for configuration.

20.1. Changing the NGC-20 controller settings

Tap on Configure in the NGC-20 Main screen. As a result of this the NGC-20 Configuration screen will be shown. The NGC-20 configuration screen supports different options.

NGC-20 Configuration Screen



Figure 20 2: NGC-20 Configuration screen

Use Controller Settings to alter; set points, control mode, dead band, the device tag and load shedding.

Use Temperature Settings to alter High and Low Temperature alarm values, the temperature alarm filter, fail safe mode and to enable and preset the high limit Cut-Out

Use Electrical Settings in order to set the high and low load current and voltage alarm values. The second screen offers the possibility to load the relay cycles time counter and to adjust the ground fault alarm warning and trip level.

Use Safety Limiter; use this entry in order to control the Safety Temperature Limiter Set Point, trip and reset the Safety Temperature Limiter after it has tripped.

Use Maintenance to get information about the minimum and maximum values recorded by the unit. Of the following variables the minimum and maximum are stored; control temperature, AC Voltage, ground fault current, load current, relay cycle count, heater hours in use time and the safety limiter temperatures.

Back returns to the Main Screen (Figure 20 1).

20.2. Changing the Temperature set point of a NGC-20 control unit

Tap on Controller Settings. This will open a next screen showing the actual Controller settings. In order to change any of the values tap on the field holding the actual variable.

Controller Settings.



Figure 20 3: Controller Settings – Settings 1 screen

Tap on the field holding the actual value (10°C) A numeric key pad as shown in Figure 20 4 will pop up.

Numeric Input Screen (Temperature Set Point)



Figure 20 4: Temp Set point Numeric Screen

Enter the desired temperature set point by tapping on the screen and press **Enter** to complete.

- This example shows a **Temp Set Point** of 10°C. By pressing **enter** the screen will return to the Controller Settings screen (Figure 20 3).

REMARK: The numeric screen is used at various places throughout this manual everywhere where numeric values are to be changed or entered.

20.3. Changing the Switch control mode

To change the control mode select the Mode on the Controller settings page (Figure 21 2).

Switch Control Mode



Figure 20 5: Control Mode settings Screen

The switch control mode defines how the output switch will be operated in order to maintain the desired temperature. Tap on the desired Switch Control Mode. The NGC-20 supports a number of different control modes as shown in Figure 20 5.

The different control modes supported are:

- ▶ **ON/OFF**
- ▶ **PASC**
- ▶ **Always ON**
- ▶ **Always Off**
- ▶ **Cancel**

Note that depending on the selected control mode the input fields in the previous and next screens will vary.

Cancel will return to the Controller Settings screen.

Controller Settings 1 (Deadband)



Figure 20 6: Controller Settings 1

ON/OFF is a simple set point / dead band operation.

Set in the **Dead band** Field the desired dead band.

Note that the Dead band will be above set point.

Example: a set point of 40°C and dead band of 5 will turn the heating off at 45 °C and on at 39°C

Controller Settings 1 (PASC)



Figure 20 7: Controller Settings 1

PASC takes advantage of the fact that the heat loss from a pipe is proportional to the temperature difference between the pipe and the ambient air. This is true regardless of heater type, insulation type, or pipe size. Once the heat tracing and insulation on a pipe has been designed to balance heat input with heat loss and maintain a particular temperature, the main variable in controlling the pipe temperature becomes the ambient air temperature. The NGC-20 has a control algorithm that uses the measured ambient temperature, desired maintain temperature, minimum ambient temperature assumption used during the design stage, and size of the smallest pipe diameter to calculate how long the heater should be on or off to maintain a near-constant pipe temperature.

PASC Min Ambient Temp: this is the minimum expected ambient temperature which is expected for this area. This information is part of the design information and is country and region specific.

PASC Min Pip Size: this is the diameter of the smallest diameter of any pipe controlled by the heating circuit / NGC-20 control unit.

The Power Adjust (min 10% to Max 200%) The Power adjustment factor can be used to influence or override the calculated ON /OFF ratio. Values in excess of 100% will lead to more heat, values below 100% will reduce the temperature.

Apply confirms new settings.

Controller Settings 1 (Force ON / Force OFF)



Figure 20 8: Controller Settings 1

Always On The relay output is permanently switched on (user override), turns on the power to the heater and leaves it on.

Always OFF The relay output is permanently switched off (user override), turns off the power to the heater, and leaves it off.

Note: consider to monitor the pipe temperatures for Low / High temperature alarms when selecting Force ON or Force OFF control mode.

Tap **Apply** after the desired control mode has been selected.

20.4. Changing NGC-20 device tag name

Controller Settings 2 NGC-20 Tag:



Figure 20 9: Controller Settings – Settings 2 screen.

This screen allows you to change the NGC-20 device tag. Tags can be 39 characters in length and may contain all numeric characters. Enter the desired Tag for the NGC-20 device by tapping in the actual device tag or elsewhere in that field. (NGC-20-1)

20.5. Load Shedding

Load shedding is a control mode that can be programmed and initiated only by an external communicating device, which overrides temperature control and forces the output of the controller OFF until the override is removed. When using an external device (Supervisor Software or a DCS), a load shedding command is continually broadcast over the communications network.

When power is applied, the controller delays energising its trace by 'x' number of seconds, where 'x' is equal to the last digit in its network address. If the load shed function is enabled, the controller will go into load shed mode before it turns its output on. It will then look for the broadcasted load shed command. If the controller receives the load shed command before it times out, it will remain in load shed mode, and the output will remain off as long as the module receives a regular broadcast of the command. If the controller does not receive the load shed command within the timeout period, it will energise its output and resume normal operation. The timing of this broadcast (and the timeout value) can vary between 30 seconds and 10 minutes. A total of 16 different Load shedding zones can be defined.

Load Shedding 1

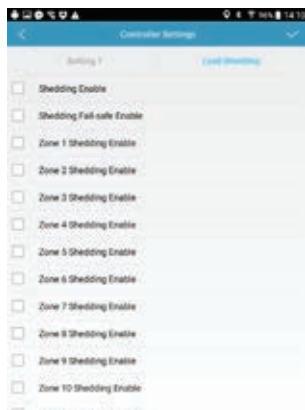


Figure 20 10: Controller Settings, Load Shedding 1

If a load shedding command is present, the controller will continue to hold the output OFF, until one of two conditions occurs:

1. The zone definition flags of an external communicating device which initiated load shedding clears and the command to terminate load shedding mode is issued.
2. Communications are interrupted between the controller and its communicating device, as in the case of a damaged communications wire. If communication ceases for a specified timeout value, the controller will return to normal operation. The value for this timeout is programmable within the controller (30 seconds to 600 seconds).

Note: The controller will return to normal operation if communications between the external communicating device and the controller are disrupted in any way. This will return temperature control to the HTC. Also, the HTC does not perform a periodic autocycle test while operating in load shed mode.

Load Shedding 2

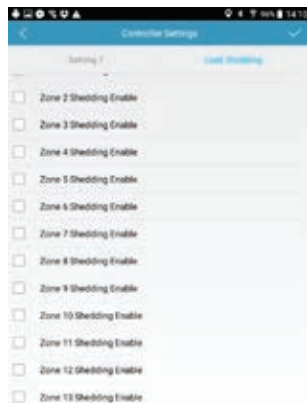


Figure 20 11: Controller Settings, Load Shedding 2

Three parameters must be set in the controller to configure it for load shedding operation:

1. The load shedding feature must be enabled.
2. The FAIL SAFE MODE parameter must be enabled or disabled depending on the application requirements. If FAIL SAFE MODE is enabled, then at least one LOW TS ALARM (of a TS used in the TS CONTROL MODE) must be enabled. If the alarm temperature exceeds the CONTROL SET POINT temperature, fail-safe mode will be disabled.
3. The zone definition flags of an external communicating device that are to be associated with the load shedding action for the controller must be defined. The NGC-20 controller will support up to 16 different zones.

These parameters can only be configured using an external communicating device connected to the bridge or UIT.

Back button returns to the NGC-20 configuration screen.

21. NGC-20 TEMPERATURE SETTINGS AND TEMPERATURE ALARMS

On the NGC-20 Configuration screen (Figure 21 1) tap on Temperature Settings.



Figure 21 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen

21.1. Changing NGC-20 Temperature sensor type (Sensor 1)

The first screen of the temperature settings screen enables configuration of the sensors. The NGC-20 control unit supports only one type of temperature control input (Pt 100 -3-wire)

Temperature Settings 1



Fig 21 2: Temperature Setup: screen 1

High Temp Alarm (Min -80 to Max +700°C)

Enter in this field the value at which - when exceeded - you want the NGC-20 control unit to generate a high temperature alarm. This High Temperature condition will be monitored by Temperature sensor T1 only.

Low Temp Alarm (Min -80 to Max +700°C)

Enter in this field the value at which - when exceeded - you want the NGC-20 control unit to generate a Low Temperature Alarm. This Low Temperature condition will be monitored by Temperature sensor T1 only.

Temperature Alarm Filter (Min 0 to Max 59940 seconds)

Can be seen as an alarm delay. This means that when the temperature drops below the Low Alarm Set point the NGC-20 Control unit will only trigger an alarm when the value entered in the Low Alarm Filter is timed out. This means that if immediate action of the alarm output is required, that the Low Alarm Filter value should be set at 0 sec. Any other value will result in a delay. The operation of the High Alarm Filter is the same.

Tap on Apply to confirm your new settings. Tap Back when ready.

21.2. Fail Safe mode and High Limit Cut-Out Set point

The Fail safe mode defines the output of the NGC-20 output switch in case of a sensor failure. Tap on the entry field behind Fail Safe mode for more options.


Temperature Settings 2	
 <p>The screenshot shows the 'Temperature Settings' screen with the following fields: High Temp Alarm (100), Low Temp Alarm (-10), Temperature Alarm Filter (0), Fail Safe (Power Off), Power Off (Power Off), Power On (Power On), LOW LIMIT CUT-OUT (-10), Low Limit Cut-Out Threshold (0), and High Limit Cut-Out (Disabled). A blue 'Disabled' button is visible at the bottom right of the High Limit Cut-Out field.</p>	<p>Fail Safe:</p> <p>In order to choose a Fail Safe mode tap on the field currently showing Power Off. The different Fail modes supported by the NGC-20 are: Power Off or Power On.</p> <p>Power Off:</p> <p>Meaning that should the control sensor or control sensors of this NGC-20 unit fail the output switch will open. Use this for all circuits where keeping the heating cables permanently powered could cause overheating.</p> <p>Power On:</p> <p>Meaning that should the control sensor or control sensors of this NGC-20 unit fail the output switch will be permanently close. This is the preferred option for freeze protection lines and most self-regulating heating systems. Choose the desired fail safe mode from the list by tapping on that field Cancel will bring you back to the previous screen as shown in Figure 21 2.</p> <p>The High Limit Cut-Out actually works as a temperature limiter which can be configured to operate as either a latching or nonlatching type. When the Latching button is set to Enabled, each time an alarm has occurred the Alarm needs to be manually reset. When set to Disabled the alarms will be self-healing and will disappear when the alarm condition is no longer present. Confirm your new settings by tapping the Apply button. Tap Back when ready, doing this will bring you back to screen Figure 21 1</p>

Figure 21 3: Temperature Setup: screen 2

22. ELECTRICAL SETTINGS

To set up electrical settings click on Electrical Settings in the NGC-20 Configuration screen (Figure 21-1).



Figure 22 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen

Electrical Settings (Alarm Set Points screen 2)	
	<p>The Electrical Settings Alarm Set points Screen 1 allows the following variables to be adjusted:</p> <p>High Load Current (Range Min 0.3 – Max 30A)</p> <p>The Load Current alarm will generate an alarm each time the Load Current supplied to the heating cable exceeds the defined band. The load current is the same as the heater current.</p> <p>Low Load Current (Range Min 0.3 – Max 30A)</p> <p>The Load Current alarm will generate an alarm each time the Load Current supplied to the heating cable exceeds the defined band. The load current is the same as the heater current.</p> <p>High and Low Voltage (Range Min 50 – Max 305 V AC)</p> <p>The voltage alarm will generate an alarm each time the power supply voltage supplying the NGC-20 control unit and the heating cables exceeds the defined band.</p> <p>Heater Time Alarm (Range Min 1 – Max 1.000.000 hrs)</p> <p>The Heater Time Alarm is an hour counter which record the actual time the output is closed and the heating cables are used since the last reset.</p> <p>Confirm the new settings by tapping on the Apply button. Back will return to Figure 22 1.</p>

Electrical Settings (Alarm Set Points screen 2)



Figure 22 3: Electrical Settings screen 2

The Electrical Settings

Alarm Set points Screen 2 allows the following variables to be adjusted:

Relay Cycle Alarm: (Range Min 0 – Max 2.000.000)

The **Relay Cycle Count** counts the number of switch operations the Control output of the NGC-20 has made since the last reset. Each switch operation will subtract one (1) from the value entered in the counter. When the counter runs empty an alarm will be generated.

Ground Fault Alarm: (Range Min 10 – Max 250 mA)

This field holds the value at which an early warning will be generated in the form of a High GF alarm. Typical value between 15 and 20 mA.

Ground Fault Trip: (Range Min 10 – Max 250 mA)

The **Ground Fault Trip Current** field holds the value at which a ground fault signal will trip the output permanently OFF. Typically GF Trip is set at a slightly higher value than the **Ground Fault Alarm Set Point**. Typical value is between 20 and 30 mA



Ground Fault Trip:

Enable / Disable. This selection activates or deactivates the Ground fault Trip Function. Selecting Disable here will deactivate the ground Fault Trip function so that in case of ground fault current only an alarm will appear.

Confirm the new settings by tapping on the **Apply** button. **Back** will return to Figure 22 1.

23. SIL 2 SAFETY TEMPERATURE LIMITER SETTINGS.

This paragraph shows you how to configure the NGC-20 SIL 2 approved Safety Temperature Limiter.

Electrical Settings (Alarm Set Points screen 2)	
<div></div> <div>Figure 23 1: NGC-20 Configuration screen</div>	<p>Tap on Safety Limiter to open the Limiter configuration screen.</p>
Limiter Parameters	
<div></div> <div>Figure 23 2: Safety Limiter Parameters</div>	<p>Firmware: This field shows the actual firmware revision of the Safety Temperature Limiter.</p> <p>Safety Limiter Status: This field shows the actual status of the Safety Temperature Limiter. (Normal operation, Tripped, Latch Temporarily Disabled)</p> <p>Safety Limiter Temperature: Shows the temperature actually being measured by the Limiter RTD. If this value exceeds the Safety Limiter Set Point the Safety Limiter will trip open. Once the Safety Limiter has tripped a manual intervention will be required to Reset / Rearm the Safety Temperature Limiter. Resetting the safety Temperature limiter will only be possible once all process conditions have returned to a safe state. (The Limiter Temperature has dropped below the Limiter Temperature Set Point.</p> <p>Safety Limiter Temperature Set Point: This field holds the Safety Limiter Set Point. This value should be chosen in accordance with the Temperature Class of the area in which the heating application is installed (T-class T4, T3, T2) or the maximum surface temperature allowed for the heating device assuming this is a lower temperature.</p> <p>Since the Safety Temperature Limiter is a safety device it requires a special procedure to write a new set point to the Temperature limiter. Tap in the Safety Limiter Set Point field to start the write procedure. This will open a new screen.</p>

23.1. Safety Limiter Set Point

Safety Limiter Set Point




Figure 23 3: Safety Limiter Cut-Out

Enter the new set point by tapping on the numeric pad. Hit **Enter** to confirm the new Limiter Cut-Out set point. This will open a new screen called **Safety Limiter Cut-Out**.

Limiter Set Point




Figure 23 4: writing a new Safety Limiter Set Point

From this point onward the NGC-CMA2 device will be sending the new Set Point at regular intervals to the NGC-20 hardware (Polling). The polling process will be repeated until the process is cancelled or until the Safety Limiter Set button inside the unit is pressed. **Press and hold the button for 3 seconds.**

The Display of the NGC-20 will flash briefly and show actual and new Safety Limiter Set Point.

The Safety Limiter Temperature Set button is the Black Push button on the left-hand side of the NGC-20 hardware as is shown in Figure 23 5. After the new Set Point has been successfully updated a pop up message as shown in Figure 23 6 confirming the new Set Point has been successfully updated.

Note: that the new Set Point may differ 1 or 2 degrees from the selected values. This is caused by rounding up or rounding down the set point while it is been converted by the internal electronics.

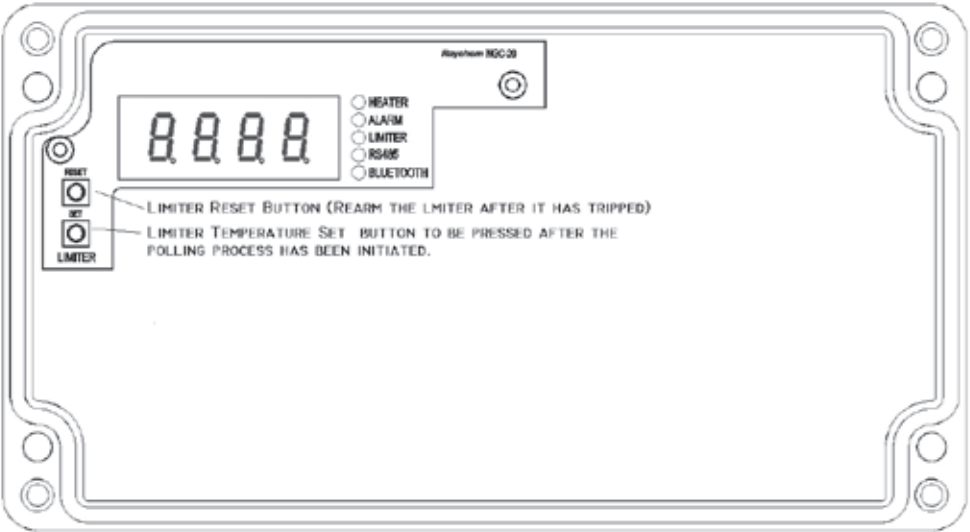


Figure 23 5: Location of limiter temperature set button and Limiter Reset button inside the NGC-20 control unit enclosure.

23.2. Resetting Safety Temperature Limiter

Once the safety Temperature limiter has tripped it will need to be reset in order to restore normal operation. Resetting the Safety Temperature limiter will only be possible after safe operating conditions have returned. Look at Fig. 7.4 in order to find see where the RESET button is located inside the enclosure.

Reset Protection Password



Figure 23 6: Resetting – rearming the Safety temperature Limiter

Resetting the safety temperature limiter is a safety Function therefore the Reset operation is protected by a password in order to prevent the safety temperature limiter from being reset unintentionally.

The safety temperature limiter can be reset from the NGC-CMA2. In order to do so, tap on **Reset Tripped Limiter**. This will open a new screen as is shown in Figure 23 7.

Use the numeric Key pad to enter the number shown in blue on the top of the screen and tap enter. If the number entered was correct then the safety temperature limiter will reset and a pop up screen will appear.

The pop up screen confirms the safety temperature limiter has been successfully reset.

Tap OK when done.

23.3. Trip Limiter

The Trip Safety Limiter is a test function of the SIL 2 approved safety temperature limiter.

Limiter Parameters (Trip Limiter)



Figure 23 7: Limiter cut out temperature updated successfully.

This is the test function of the SIL 2 approved safety temperature limiter. Hit this field in order to Test the safety temperature limiter at regular intervals at least once every year. When tripped a screen will pop up confirming that the safety temperature limiter has tripped successfully. In order to rearm the Safety temperature Limiter follow the procedure as explained in paragraph 23.2. **Back** will return to the NGC-20 Configuration Screen.

24. MAINTENANCE DATA

The Maintenance data screens provide the possibility to look at Minimum and Maximum values of recorded data. The NGC-20 control unit measures many variables such as; voltage, current, temperature, ground fault etc. and for each of these the highest and lowest value ever measured is stored in the NGC-20 memory. The Maintenance screens of the NGC-CMA2 enable to visualise and to reset this data.

Note: Maintenance data is stored until it will be manually reset. After resetting the measuring process will start again and stores new Min / Max values until the next reset.

Tap on Maintenance to go to the Maintenance menu.

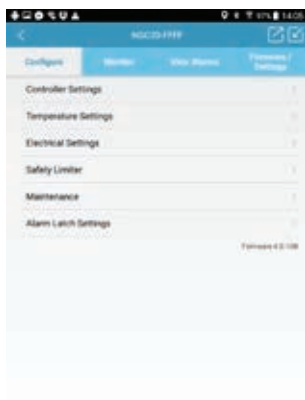


Figure 24 1: NGC-20 Configuration Screen

In total there are 4 screens showing NGC-20 control units maintenance data.

Reset Maintenance (1)	
	<p>Records are kept of:</p> <p>Control Temperature,</p> <p>AC Voltage</p> <p>Tap on the blue field Reset in order to reset the actual values. This will bring up a screen as shown in Figure 24 3.</p>

Figure 24 2: Maintenance data screen 1

Resetting values	
	<p>Confirm that you want to clear actual maintenance data.</p> <p>Tap No to Abort or Tap Yes to clear the actual values. A similar screen will be used for other variables as well.</p>

Figure 24 3: Reset Maintenance data

Reset Maintenance (2)

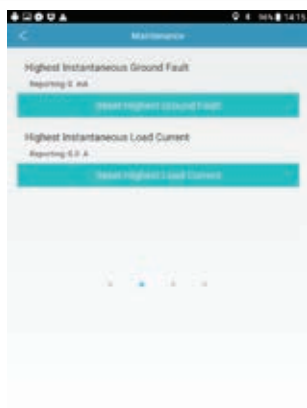


Figure 24 4: Maintenance data screen 2

Highest Instantaneous Ground Fault
Highest instantaneous Load Current

Reset Maintenance (3)

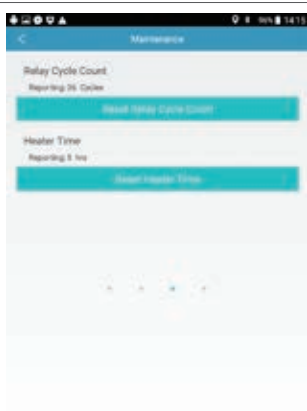


Figure 24 5: Maintenance data screen 3

Contactor Cycle count
Heater Time

Reset Maintenance (4)





Figure 24 6: Maintenance data screen 4

Safety Limiter Min / Max temperatures
Tap on **Back** when done.

25. NGC-20 MONITORING SCREENS

Besides its function as a programming and configuration interface the NGC-CMA2 can also be used to monitor NGC-20 units while they are in operation. When used in monitoring mode all process variables measured by the NGC-20 control units can be visualised on the NGC-CMA2. Tap on the monitoring field to continue. This will open the first of a total of 6 available monitoring screens. Use the Left / Right buttons on the bottom of the screen to cycle through the different screens.

The following parameters are permanently monitored:

Monitoring Screen 1	
	<p>Control Temperature: Shows the actual temperature used by the NGC-20 for control. Based on this temperature the output will be switched ON / OFF.</p> <p>Load Current: current uptake of the load(s) connected to the control output of the NGC-20 control Unit.</p> <p>Note: that the load connected to the daisy chain terminals will not be monitored.</p> <p>Voltage: actual power supply voltage</p> <p>Ground Fault Current: instantaneous ground fault current</p> <p>Limiter Status: shows actual limiter status.</p> <p>Limiter Temperature Reporting: this field shows the actual limiter temperature measured by the Limiter RTD.</p>
Figure 25 1: NGC-20 Monitoring Screen	
Monitoring Screen 2	
	<p>Source Temperatures:</p> <p>This field shows the Temperatures measured by all temperatures presently connected. Temperature sources 3 and 4 require the use of an optional NGC-UIT and MONI-RMM2 device.</p> <p>Tap on Back to return to the NGC-20 Configuration Screen.</p>
Figure 25 2: NGC-20 Monitoring Screen 2	

26. NGC-20 ALARM SCREENS

Tap on the View Alarms screen in order to investigate and eventually reset actual alarms. In the Active Alarms field all alarms are shown.


NGC-20 Alarms	
	<p>In order to reset an alarm select the alarm by tapping on that specific alarm in the Active alarms window and then hit Reset Selected Alarm. The Reset All Alarms button resets all actual alarms in a single operation.</p> <p>Note that Alarms can only be reset after the event causing the alarm has been resolved or the measured value has changed such that the actual reading is within the alarm boundaries.</p> <p>Tap on Back when done and to return to the NGC-20 Configuration Screen.</p>

Figure 26 1: NGC-20 Alarms Screen

Example: a low temperature alarm can only be reset when the temperature has increased to a value above the low temperature alarm set point.



Figure 26 2: NGC-20 Main screen

27. UPGRADING FIRMWARE OF THE NGC-20 CONTROL UNIT

Remark: the Firmware / Settings menu items are identical with the “Standard Mode” menu items. Therefore most items will not be repeated. See for more details Chapter 16.

The Update Firmware function allows installing new revisions of NGC-20 firmware in the controller via the NGC-CMA2 and the wireless Bluetooth interface. This procedure can be performed on units while they are in operation. During the firmware upload process the NGC-20 unit will be out of service for about 2 minutes. For safety reasons the output of the controller will be off during the entire upgrade process.

Click on Firmware/Settings in the main screen. Select Update Firmware button to initiate the process. This will open the Firmware update screen.

Firmware Update



Figure 27 1: Installing new Firmware

Current Firmware shows the revision number of the Firmware currently installed.

Firmware File: tap on the blue field showing the three dots in order to brows to the location where the new firmware file is installed. Firmware files are binary files and are having the extension “.bin”

Select Firmware File

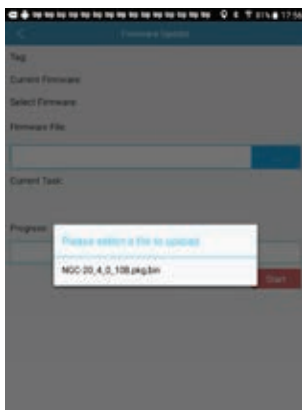


Figure 27 2: Selection new Firmware

Tapping on this field will open a new screen. On this screen all available versions of nVent RAYCHEM-NGC-20 firmware currently present on the NGC-CMA2 firmware folder will be listed.

Note: the firmware files are binary files. New configuration files need to be placed in the folder **Application Data\nVent RAYCHEM\NGC CMA\NGC20 Firmware**. This folder will be automatically installed while installing the application.

Select the new file by tapping on it and hit **OK**.

Warning: don't try to upload files other than original files provided by nVent . Any attempt to try to upload false or incomplete files may damage the NGC-20 Control unit

Firmware Update

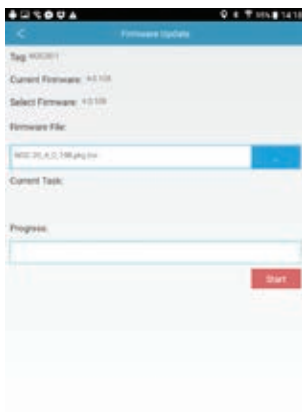


Figure 27 3: Updating Firmware

After the new file is selected hit **Upload** to start the upload process.

The existing Firmware version as well as the new Firmware are shown on the NGC-CMA2 screen

The installation procedure will remove the existing version and install new software in the NGC-20 control unit.

The installation progress can be followed on the **Progress** bar and on the installation progress timer.

Once the upload process is complete the NGC-20 control unit will briefly show the Firmware version number on the display and return to normal operation.

Firmware Update (Complete)

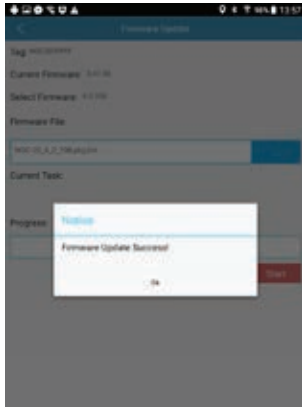


Figure 27 4: Successful update firmware

If the installation was successful a pop up window will appear confirming the firmware update was successful.

28. UPLOAD & DOWNLOAD CONFIGURATION AND MONITORING DATA TO & FROM NGC-20 VIA CONFIGURATION FILE

28.1 Download NGC-20 Configuration and Monitoring data from controller

Download NGC-20 configuration

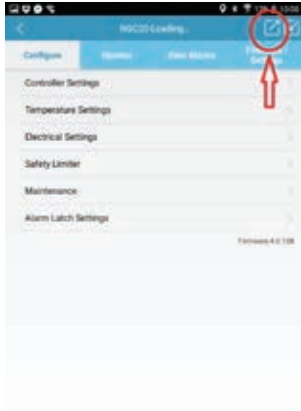


Figure 28 1: Download configuration file

To download the NGC-20 configuration and monitoring data click on the download button on the right top corner of the screen.

Select download file

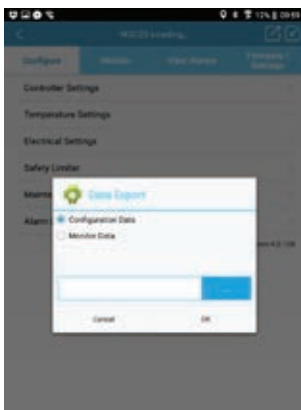


Figure 28 2: File selection

Select configuration data or monitoring data to download and define subdirectory. A message will appear on the screen after successful download.

28.2 Upload NGC-20 configuration into controller

Upload NGC-20 configuration

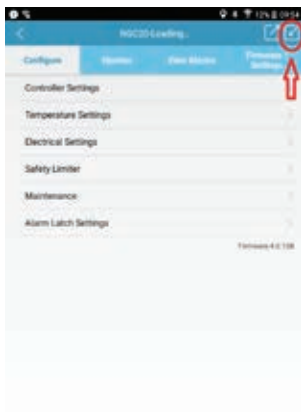


Figure 28 3: Upload configuration

To upload the NGC-20 configuration click on the upload button on the right top corner of the screen.

Select upload configuration file

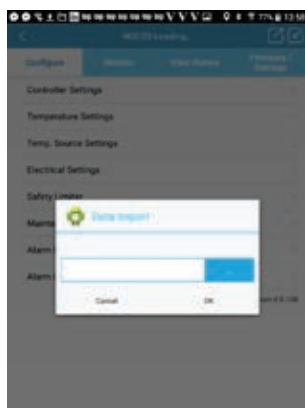


Figure 28 4: Select file

Select configuration data or monitoring data to download and define subdirectory. A message will appear on the screen after successful download.

28.3 Format Configuration File NGC-20 Controller

The configuration file of the NGC-20 will contain the information stored in XML format. Not all parameters need to be specified. When a parameter is not defined, the current configuration in the controller will stay as is. The order of the parameters is not fixed and free to be changed by the user.

28.4 Configuration file XML data format

The following list shows the parameter description and the corresponding XML code

General information:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
```

Device definition

```
<NGC20>
```

Device Tag

```
<Tag>NGC20-Loading Arm 1</Tag>
```

Modbus address

```
<Address>3</Address>
```

Firmware version NGC-20

```
<FirmwareVersion>4.0.108</FirmwareVersion>
```

Date of production NGC-20 unit

```
<ManufactureData>2007-1-1</ManufactureData>
```

Control Set Point

```
<Setpoint>30</Setpoint>
```

Control Mode

```
<SwitchControlMode>0</SwitchControlMode>
```

0 = Deadband

1 = Proportional Ambient Contactor

2 = PASC Contactor

3 = Force On

4 = Force Off

Deadband

```
<Deadband>3</Deadband>
```

Proportional band

```
<Proportional>2</Proportional>
```

Proportional Ambient Cycle Time

```
<CycleTime>10</CycleTime>
```

PASC Minimum Design Temperature

```
<PASCMinAmbientTemp>-40</PASCMinAmbientTemp>
```

PASC Pipe size

```
<PASCMinPipeSize>0</PASCMinPipeSize>
```

PASC Power Adjust factor

```
<PowerAdjust>100</PowerAdjust>
```

Temperature Sensor 1

```
<TS1Mode>1</TS1Mode>
```

0 = Not used

1 = Local

2 = Remote

Temperature Source 1 Local setup
 1 = sensor input 1
 2 = sensor input 2

Temperature Source 1 Configuration
 1 = Used for Control
 2 = Used for High Limit cut-out
 2 = Used for Low Limit Cut-out

Temperature Sensor 2
 0 = Not used
 1 = Local
 2 = Remote

Temperature Source 1 Local setup
 1 = sensor input 1
 2 = sensor input 2

Temperature Source 2 Configuration
 1 = Used for Control
 2 = Used for High Limit cut-out
 2 = Used for Low Limit Cut-out

High Load Current Alarm Filter
 Low Load Current Alarm Filter
 High Load Current Alarm Set Point
 Low Load Current Alarm Set Point
 High Ground Fault Alarm Filter
 High Ground Fault Alarm Set Point
 Ground Fault Trip Set Point
 High Voltage Alarm Filter
 Low Voltage Alarm Filter
 High Voltage Alarm Set Point
 Low Voltage Alarm Set Point
 High Tracing Resistance Alarm Filter
 Low Tracing Resistance Alarm Filter
 High Tracing Resistance Deviation
 Low Tracing Resistance Deviation
 Nominal Tracing Resistance
 Console engineering Units in °C
 Load shedding Enabled
 Load shedding Fail-Safe Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 1 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 2 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 3 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 4 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 5 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 6 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 7 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 8 Enabled
 Load Shed Zone 9 Enabled

```
<TS1LocSetup_TemplInputNum>1</TS1LocSetup_TemplInputNum>

<TS1Configuration>1</TS1Configuration>

<TS2Mode>1</TS2Mode>

<TS2LocSetup_TemplInputNum>2</TS2LocSetup_TemplInputNum>

<TS2Configuration>1</TS2Configuration>

<HiLDIAlarmFilter>0</HiLDIAlarmFilter>
<LoLDIAlarmFilter>0</LoLDIAlarmFilter>
<HiLDIAlarmSetpoint>30.0</HiLDIAlarmSetpoint>
<LoLDIAlarmSetpoint>0.3</LoLDIAlarmSetpoint>
<HiGFIAAlarmFilter>0</HiGFIAAlarmFilter>
<HiGFIAAlarmSetpoint>20</HiGFIAAlarmSetpoint>
<GFITripAlarmSetpoint>30</GFITripAlarmSetpoint>
<HiVoltAlarmFilter>0</HiVoltAlarmFilter>
<LoVoltAlarmFilter>0</LoVoltAlarmFilter>
<HiVoltAlarmSetpoint>270</HiVoltAlarmSetpoint>
<LoVoltAlarmSetpoint>90</LoVoltAlarmSetpoint>
<HiTraceResistAlarmFilter>0</HiTraceResistAlarmFilter>
<LoTraceResistAlarmFilter>0</LoTraceResistAlarmFilter>
<HiTraceResistDeviation>50</HiTraceResistDeviation>
<LoTraceResistDeviation>50</LoTraceResistDeviation>
<NominalResistance>6.0</NominalResistance>
<ConsoleUnitInDeg>true</ConsoleUnitInDeg>
<LoadShedEnable>false</LoadShedEnable>
<LoadShedFailSafeEnable>false</LoadShedFailSafeEnable>
<LoadShedZoneEnable1>false</LoadShedZoneEnable1>
<LoadShedZoneEnable2>false</LoadShedZoneEnable2>
<LoadShedZoneEnable3>false</LoadShedZoneEnable3>
<LoadShedZoneEnable4>false</LoadShedZoneEnable4>
<LoadShedZoneEnable5>false</LoadShedZoneEnable5>
<LoadShedZoneEnable6>false</LoadShedZoneEnable6>
<LoadShedZoneEnable7>false</LoadShedZoneEnable7>
<LoadShedZoneEnable8>false</LoadShedZoneEnable8>
<LoadShedZoneEnable9>false</LoadShedZoneEnable9>
```

Load Shed Zone 10 Enabled	<LoadShedZoneEnable10>>false</LoadShedZoneEnable10>
Load Shed Zone 11 Enabled	<LoadShedZoneEnable11>>false</LoadShedZoneEnable11>
Load Shed Zone 12 Enabled	<LoadShedZoneEnable12>>false</LoadShedZoneEnable12>
Load Shed Zone 13 Enabled	<LoadShedZoneEnable13>>false</LoadShedZoneEnable13>
Load Shed Zone 14 Enabled	<LoadShedZoneEnable14>>false</LoadShedZoneEnable14>
Load Shed Zone 15 Enabled	<LoadShedZoneEnable15>>false</LoadShedZoneEnable15>
Load Shed Zone 16 Enabled	<LoadShedZoneEnable16>>false</LoadShedZoneEnable16>
Temperature Control Mode	<TSControlMode>10</TSControlMode>
0 = N/A	
1 = TS 1	
2 = TS 2	
9 = Average	
10 = Lowest	
Temperature Sensor Fail mode	<TSFailMode>0</TSFailMode>
0 = Fail Off	
1 = Fail On	
2 = Fixed %	
3 = Last %	
Temperature Fail Mode Percentage	<TempFailModePercent>50</TempFailModePercent>
Control Temp. High Alarm Set Point	<ControlTempHighAlarmSetpoint>100</ControlTempHighAlarmSetpoint>
Control Temp. Low Alarm Set Point	<ControlTempLowAlarmSetpoint>38</ControlTempLowAlarmSetpoint>
Control Temperature High Alarm Filter	<ControlTempHighAlarmFilter>0</ControlTempHighAlarmFilter>
Control Temperature Low Alarm Filter	<ControlTempLowAlarmFilter>0</ControlTempLowAlarmFilter>
Temperature Sensor 1 Type	<TS1Type>1</TS1Type>
0 = Not Used	
1 = 3 wire 100 Ohm Platinum	
2 = 2 or 3 wire 100 Ohm Nickel Iron	
Temperature Sensor 1 Lead Resistance	<TS1LeadResistance>0</TS1LeadResistance>
Temp. Sens. 1 High Alarm Set Point	<TS1HighAlarmSetpoint>100</TS1HighAlarmSetpoint>
Temp. Sens. 1 Low Alarm Set Point	<TS1LowAlarmSetpoint>38</TS1LowAlarmSetpoint>
Temp. Sens. 1 High Alarm Filter	<TS1HighAlarmFilter>0</TS1HighAlarmFilter>
Temp. Sens. 1 Low Alarm Filter	<TS1LowAlarmFilter>0</TS1LowAlarmFilter>
Temperature Sensor 2 Type	<TS2Type>0</TS2Type>
0 = Not Used	
1 = 3 wire 100 Ohm Platinum	
2 = 2 or 3 wire 100 Ohm Nickel Iron	
Temperature Sensor 2 Lead Resistance	<TS2LeadResistance>0</TS2LeadResistance>
Temp. Sens. 2 High Alarm Set Point	<TS2HighAlarmSetpoint>100</TS2HighAlarmSetpoint>
Temp. Sens. 2 Low Alarm Set Point	<TS2LowAlarmSetpoint>-10</TS2LowAlarmSetpoint>
Temp. Sens. 2 High Alarm Filter	<TS2HighAlarmFilter>0</TS2HighAlarmFilter>
Temp. Sens. 2 Low Alarm Filter	<TS2LowAlarmFilter>0</TS2LowAlarmFilter>
High Limit Cutout Set Point	<HighLimitCutoutSetpoint>700</HighLimitCutoutSetpoint>
Low Limit Cutout Set Point	<LowLimitCutoutSetpoint>-70</LowLimitCutoutSetpoint>
Low Limit Cutout Deadband	<LowLimitCutoutDeadbandSetpoint>3</LowLimitCutoutDeadbandSetpoint>

Non Latching Temp Alarms	<NonLatchingTempAlarm>0</NonLatchingTempAlarm>
0 = latching	
1 = Non-Latching	
Non-Latching High Temp Cutout Alarms	<NonLatchingHighTempCutoutAlarm>1</NonLatchingHighTempCutoutAlarm>
0 = latching	
1 = Non-Latching	
Control Temperature Failure	<EnableControlTempFail>>true</EnableControlTempFail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Control Temperature High	<EnableControlTempHigh>>false</EnableControlTempHigh>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Control Temperature Low	<EnableControlTempLow>>true</EnableControlTempLow>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 1 Failure	<EnableTempSensor1Fail>>false</EnableTempSensor1Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 1 High	<EnableTempSensor1High>>false</EnableTempSensor1High>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 1 Low	<EnableTempSensor1Low>>false</EnableTempSensor1Low>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 2 Fail	<EnableTempSensor2Fail>>false</EnableTempSensor2Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 2 High	<EnableTempSensor2High>>false</EnableTempSensor2High>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 2 Low	<EnableTempSensor2Low>>false</EnableTempSensor2Low>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 1 Failure	<EnableTempSource1Fail>>false</EnableTempSource1Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 2 Failure	<EnableTempSource2Fail>>false</EnableTempSource2Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 3 Failure	<EnableTempSource3Fail>>false</EnableTempSource3Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 4 Failure	<EnableTempSource4Fail>>false</EnableTempSource4Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	

Temperature Source 5 Failure	<EnableTempSource5Fail>>false</EnableTempSource5Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 6 Failure	<EnableTempSource6Fail>>false</EnableTempSource6Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 7 Failure	<EnableTempSource7Fail>>false</EnableTempSource7Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 8 Failure	<EnableTempSource8Fail>>false</EnableTempSource8Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Load Current	<EnableHighLoadCurrent>>false</EnableHighLoadCurrent>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Low Load Current	<EnableLowLoadCurrent>>true</EnableLowLoadCurrent>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Ground Fault Current	<EnableHighGFI>>true</EnableHighGFI>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Ground Fault Trip	<EnableGroundFaultTrip>>true</EnableGroundFaultTrip>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Ground Fault CT Failure	<EnableGroundFaultCTFailure>>true</EnableGroundFaultCTFailure>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Voltage	<EnableHighVoltage>>false</EnableHighVoltage>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Low Voltage	<EnableLowVoltage>>false</EnableLowVoltage>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Trace Resistance	<EnableHighTraceResistance>>false</EnableHighTraceResistance>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Low Trace Resistance	<EnableLowTraceResistance>>false</EnableLowTraceResistance>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Switch Failure	<EnableSwitchFailure>>true</EnableSwitchFailure>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Device Reset	<EnableDeviceReset>>false</EnableDeviceReset>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	

User Configuration Lost	<EnableUserConfigurationLost>true</EnableUserConfigurationLost>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Factory Configuration Lost	<EnableFactoryConfigurationLost>true</EnableFactoryConfigurationLost>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Limiter communications Failure	<EnableLimiterCommunicationFailure>true</EnableLimiterCommunicationFailure>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Limiter Trip Alarm	<EnableLimiterTripAlarm>true</EnableLimiterTripAlarm>
Limiter Trip Sensor Failure Alarm	<EnableLimiterTempSensorFail>true</EnableLimiterTempSensorFail>
Contactors Cycle Count	<EnableContactorCycleCount>true</EnableContactorCycleCount>
Load Shed Source Failure	<EnableLoadShedSourceFailure>true</EnableLoadShedSourceFailure>
Contactors Cycle Count Alarm Limit Set Point	<ContactorCycleCountAlarmSetpoint>2000000</ContactorCycleCountAlarmSetpoint>
Auto cycle Interval	<AutoCycleInterval>8</AutoCycleInterval>
Load shedding communication timeout	<LoadShedCommTimeout>10</LoadShedCommTimeout>
Alarm Output Mode	<AlarmOutputMode>0</AlarmOutputMode>
0 = Normal Operation	
1 = Toggle	
2 = Flash	
Alarm Output toggle Time	<AlarmOutputToggleTime>60</AlarmOutputToggleTime>
Control Temperature Failure	<LatchControlTempFail>true</LatchControlTempFail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Control Temp High	<LatchControlTempHigh>true</LatchControlTempHigh>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Control Temp Low	<LatchControlTempLow>true</LatchControlTempLow>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 1 Fail	<LatchTempSensor1Fail>true</LatchTempSensor1Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 1 High	<LatchTempSensor1High>true</LatchTempSensor1High>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 1 Low	<LatchTempSensor1Low>true</LatchTempSensor1Low>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 2 Fail	<LatchTempSensor2Fail>true</LatchTempSensor2Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 2 High	<LatchTempSensor2High>true</LatchTempSensor2High>

"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Sensor 2 Low	<LatchTempSensor2Low>true</LatchTempSensor2Low>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 1 Fail	<LatchTempSource1Fail>true</LatchTempSource1Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 2 Fail	<LatchTempSource2Fail>true</LatchTempSource2Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 3 Fail	<LatchTempSource3Fail>true</LatchTempSource3Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 4 Fail	<LatchTempSource4Fail>true</LatchTempSource4Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 5 Fail	<LatchTempSource5Fail>true</LatchTempSource5Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 6 Fail	<LatchTempSource6Fail>true</LatchTempSource6Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 7 Fail	<LatchTempSource7Fail>true</LatchTempSource7Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Temperature Source 8 Fail	<LatchTempSource8Fail>true</LatchTempSource8Fail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Load Current	<LatchHighLoadCurrent>true</LatchHighLoadCurrent>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Low Load Current	<LatchLowLoadCurrent>true</LatchLowLoadCurrent>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Ground Fault	<LatchHighGFI>true</LatchHighGFI>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Ground Fault Trip	<LatchGroundFaultTrip>true</LatchGroundFaultTrip>
	<GFICurrentTransformerFailureAlarmLatchDisable>true</GFICurrentTransformerFailureAlarmLatchDisable>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Voltage	<LatchHighVoltage>true</LatchHighVoltage>

"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Low Voltage	<LatchLowVoltage>true</LatchLowVoltage>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Trace Resistance	<LatchHighTraceResistance>true</LatchHighTraceResistance>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Low Trace Resistance	<LatchLowTraceResistance>true</LatchLowTraceResistance>
Switch Failure	<LatchSwitchFailure>true</LatchSwitchFailure>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Device Reset Alarm Disable	<DeviceResetAlarmLatchDisable>true</DeviceResetAlarmLatchDisable>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
User Configuration Lost Alarm	<UserConfigurationDataLostAlarmLatchDisable>true</UserConfigurationDataLostAlarmLatchDisable>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Factory configuration Lost Alarm	<FactoryConfigurationDataLostAlarmLatchDisable>true</FactoryConfigurationDataLostAlarmLatchDisable>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Limiter communication Failure	<LatchLimiterCommunicationFailure>true</LatchLimiterCommunicationFailure>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Limiter Trip Alarm	<LatchLimiterTripAlarm>>false</LatchLimiterTripAlarm>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Limiter Temperature Sensor Failure	<LatchLimiterTempSensorFail>true</LatchLimiterTempSensorFail>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Contactors cycle count Alarm	<ContactorCycleCountAlarmLatchDisable>true</ContactorCycleCountAlarmLatchDisable>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Load Shedding Source Failure	<LatchLoadShedSourceFailure>true</LatchLoadShedSourceFailure>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
High Limit Cutout	<LatchHighLimitCutout>>false</LatchHighLimitCutout>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	
Heater Time Alarm	<HeaterTimeAlarmLatchDisable>true</HeaterTimeAlarmLatchDisable>
"False" = latching	
"True" = Non-Latching	

Low Limit Cutout

"False" = latching

"True" = Non-Latching

Limiter Cutout Temperature Set Point

Temperature Sensor 1 Tag

Temperature Sensor 2 Tag

Has this controller a limiter?

Limiter Firmware Version

</NGC20>

<LatchLowLimitCutout>>false</LatchLowLimitCutout>

<LimiterCutoutTempSetpoint>814</LimiterCutoutTempSetpoint>

<TS1Tag>NGC20-RTD1-FFFF</TS1Tag>

<TS2Tag>NGC20-RTD2-FFFF</TS2Tag>

<HasLimiter>>true</HasLimiter>

<LimiterFirmwareVersion>2.0</LimiterFirmwareVersion>

APPENDICES AND INDEXES

CONTROL MODE DEFINITIONS

On/Off

The NGC-20 monitors the control temperature and compares it to the Set Point. If the control temperature is above the Set Point by more than the Deadband value the relay output is turned off. If the control temperature falls below the Set Point temperature, the output is turned on. The control temperature is defined as the lowest RTD temperature input value.

Additional Entry Fields:

Deadband If the control temperature is above the Set Point temperature plus Deadband, the relay output is turned off. If the control temperature is below the Set Point temperature, the output is turned on.

Range: 1°C (2°F) to 50°C (90°C)

Default: 3°C (5°F)

PASC (Proportional Ambient Sensing Control)

PASC takes advantage of the fact that the heat loss from a pipe is proportional to the temperature difference between the pipe and the ambient air. This is true regardless of heater type, insulation type, or pipe size. Once the heat tracing and insulation on a pipe has been designed to balance heat input with heat loss and maintain a particular temperature, the main variable in controlling the pipe temperature becomes the ambient air temperature.

The NGC-20 has a control algorithm that uses the measured ambient temperature, desired maintain temperature, minimum ambient temperature assumption used during design, and size of the smallest pipe diameter to calculate how long the heater should be on or off to maintain a near-constant pipe temperature.

Additional Entry Fields:

PASC Min Ambient Temp The Min Ambient Temp is the “lowest ambient temperature” that was used when the heat-tracing system was designed. The entered value should agree with the value used by the design engineer to ensure that the heat tracing system was sized correctly

Range: -73°C (-99°F) to 51°C (125°F)

Default: -40°C (-40°F)

PASC Min Pipe Size Min Pipe Size is the diameter of the smallest heat-traced pipe in the group controlled by this circuit. Small diameter pipes heat up and cool down more rapidly than larger diameter pipes therefore, the PASC duty cycle is calculated over a shorter time base. Larger diameter pipes heat and cool less rapidly, the on/off periods for the heater system can be stretched over a longer period. If electromechanical contactors are being used to control the heater circuit, the longer the time base reduces the number of contactor on/off cycles and extends the contactor life.

List: 1.27cm (0.5in), 2.54cm (1in), 5.08cm (2in)

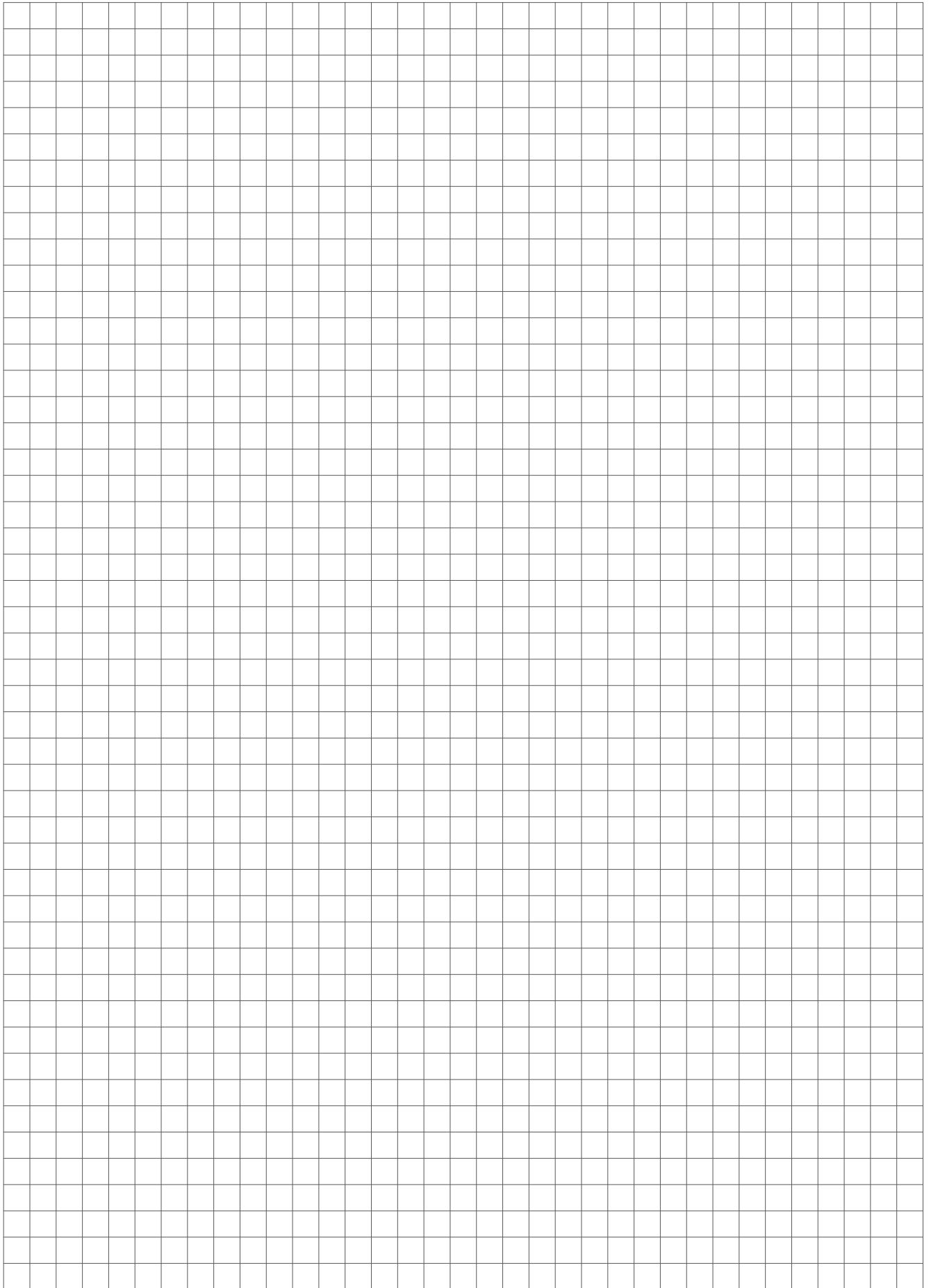
Default: 1.27cm (0.5in)

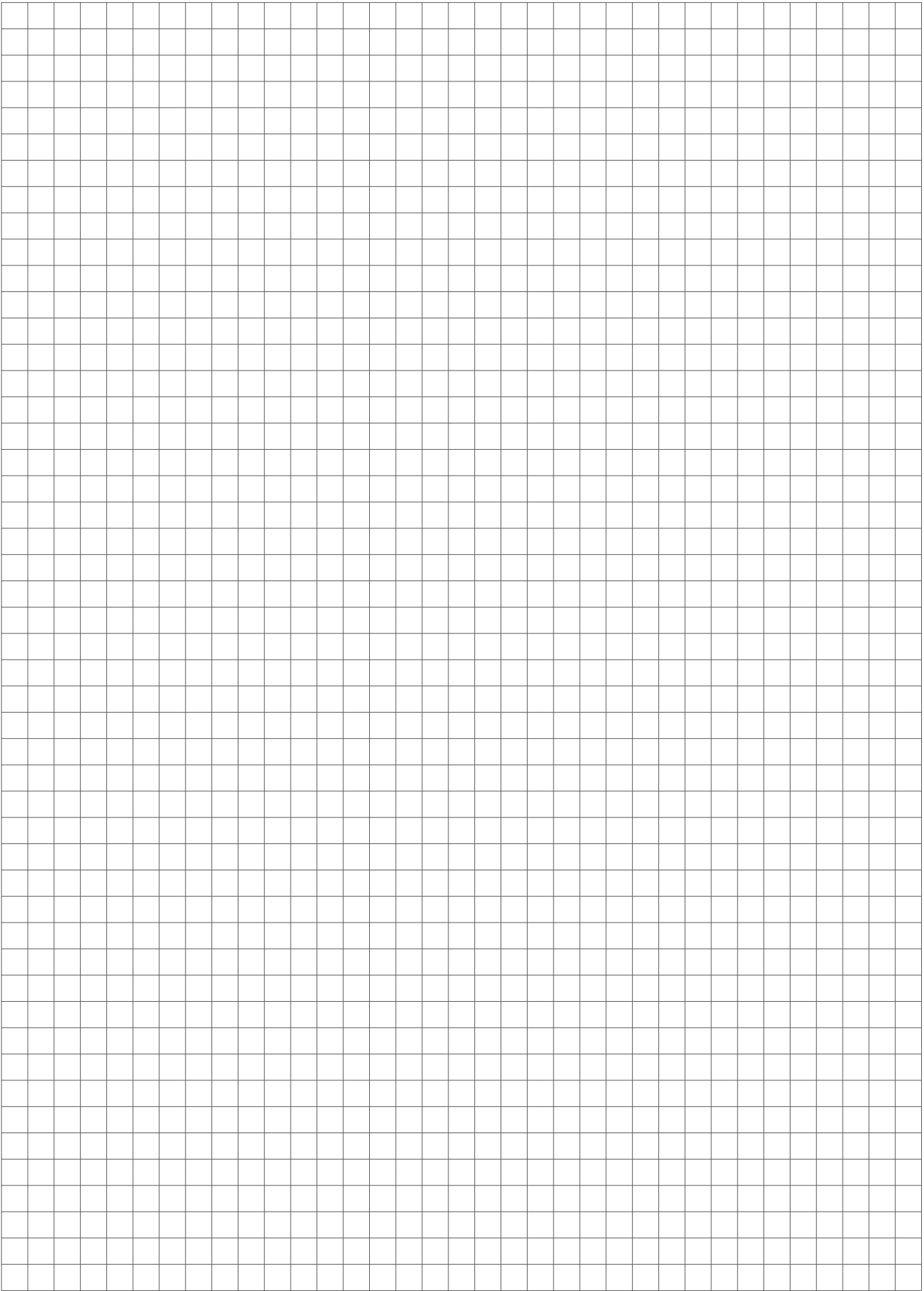
Power Adjust This allows the PASC control to be adjusted when the heating cable output is greater than the design assumption, or if the pipe insulation proves to be more efficient than assumed. Pipe temperature may run higher or lower than desired if the heating cable has a different output than required to offset the heat loss. The Power Adjust parameter enables a reduction or an increase in the heat-tracing effective power by entering a value less or greater than 100%

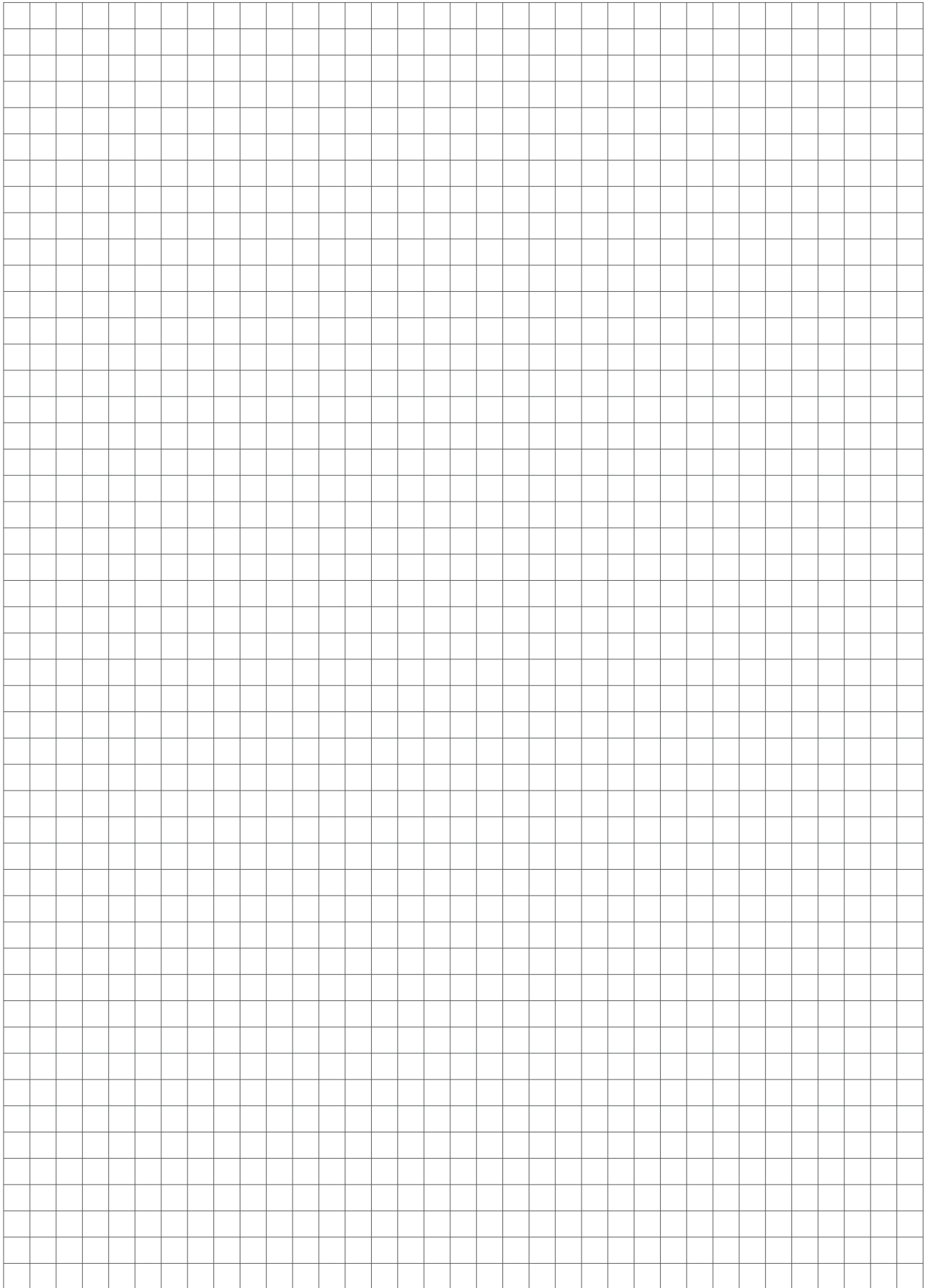
IMPORTANT: If improperly used, the Power Adjust parameter can cause the piping to get too cold or too hot. If unsure, leave at 100%. Do not change this value unless an engineer calculates the temperature impact on the system and determines that it is safe to do so. Be particularly cautious if the circuit has more than one diameter of pipe or type of heat tracing. Contact a nVent representative for assistance with this factor.

Range: 10–200%

Default: 100%







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